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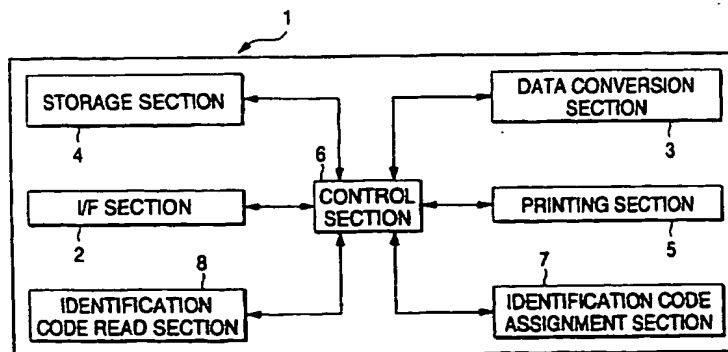
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**(54) Image forming apparatus and image forming system**

(57) An image forming apparatus comprises an identification code assignment section (7) for assigning an identification code for each page unit or print job unit of print images, a printing section (5) for printing the print image and its corresponding identification code (10a) on a recording medium, a storage section (4) for storing the print images and their corresponding identification codes (10a), and an identification code read

section (8) for reading the identification code printed on the recording medium. A previously printed image identified by said identification code read section (8) may be called up from said storage section (4) and subsequently printed on a recording medium in said printing section (5).

FIG. 1



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# EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

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DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			
Category	Citation of document with indication, where appropriate, of relevant passages	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int.Cl.6)
X	EP 0 621 721 A (XEROX CORP) 26 October 1994 * abstract; claims * * page 12, line 14 - line 39 * ---	1-3, 19	G06K15/00 G06K17/00
X	US 5 243 381 A (HUBE RANDALL R) 7 September 1993 * column 7, line 27 - column 10, line 17; claims; figures 9,11,12 * ---	1, 3	
X	US 4 408 181 A (NAKAYAMA NAOTO) 4 October 1983 * column 7, line 42 - line 68; claims * ---	1, 19	
A		6, 7, 10, 11, 13, 15, 17, 18, 20	
A	PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN vol. 016, no. 543 (P-1451), 12 November 1992 & JP 04 205225 A (CANON INC), 27 July 1992 * abstract * ---	1, 6, 7, 10, 11, 13, 15, 17-20	TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int.Cl.6) G06K
A	EP 0 622 757 A (CSIR) 2 November 1994.  * page 6, line 56 - page 7, line 35 * * page 9, line 44 - page 10, line 9 * ---	6, 7, 10, 11, 13, 15, 17-20	
A	PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN vol. 015, no. 396 (M-1166), 8 October 1991 & JP 03 162979 A (NEC DATA TERMINAL LTD), 12 July 1991 * abstract * ---	8, 15, 16, 18, 20	
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The present search report has been drawn up for all claims			
Place of search THE HAGUE		Date of completion of the search 16 October 1998	Examiner Gélébart, Y
<p>CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS</p> <p>X : particularly relevant if taken alone Y : particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category A : technological background O : non-written disclosure P : intermediate document</p> <p>T : theory or principle underlying the invention E : earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date D : document cited in the application L : document cited for other reasons &amp; : member of the same patent family, corresponding document</p>			

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# EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number  
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DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			
Category	Citation of document with indication, where appropriate, of relevant passages	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int.Cl.6)
A	US 4 268 159 A (TASHIRO TSUNEO) 19 May 1981 * column 3, line 1 - column 4, line 30 *	1	
A	EP 0 544 598 A (SONY CORP) 2 June 1993		
A	PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN vol. 096, no. 001, 31 January 1996 & JP 07 244657 A (MATSUSHITA ELECTRIC IND CO LTD), 19 September 1995 * abstract *		
A	GB 2 248 129 A (MARSHALL IEUAN JAMES MACKERETH) 25 March 1992		
A	EP 0 258 488 A (STAUDE FOTO CHEMIE EVA) 9 March 1988		
The present search report has been drawn up for all claims			TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int.Cl.6)
Place of search THE HAGUE		Date of completion of the search 16 October 1998	Examiner Gélébart, Y
<p>CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS</p> <p>X : particularly relevant if taken alone Y : particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category A : technological background O : non-written disclosure P : intermediate document</p> <p>T : theory or principle underlying the invention E : earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date D : document cited in the application L : document cited for other reasons &amp; : member of the same patent family, corresponding document</p>			



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Application Number

EP 97 11 6989

**CLAIMS INCURRING FEES**

The present European patent application comprised at the time of filing more than ten claims.

☐ Only part of the claims have been paid within the prescribed time limit. The present European search report has been drawn up for the first ten claims and for those claims for which claims fees have been paid, namely claim(s):

☐ No claims fees have been paid within the prescribed time limit. The present European search report has been drawn up for the first ten claims.

**LACK OF UNITY OF INVENTION**

The Search Division considers that the present European patent application does not comply with the requirements of unity of invention and relates to several inventions or groups of inventions, namely:

see sheet B

☐ All further search fees have been paid within the fixed time limit. The present European search report has been drawn up for all claims.

☒ Only part of the further search fees have been paid within the fixed time limit. The present European search report has been drawn up for those parts of the European patent application which relate to the inventions in respect of which search fees have been paid, namely claims:

1-20

☐ None of the further search fees have been paid within the fixed time limit. The present European search report has been drawn up for those parts of the European patent application which relate to the invention first mentioned in the claims, namely claims:



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**LACK OF UNITY OF INVENTION  
SHEET B**

Application Number  
EP 97 11 6989

The Search Division considers that the present European patent application does not comply with the requirements of unity of invention and relates to several inventions or groups of inventions, namely:

1. Claims: 1-5

An image forming apparatus adapted to read a code previously associated to and printed with a print job unit received from an external apparatus and retrieve said job unit from memory to print it out.

2. Claims: 6-19

An image forming system adapted to read a code previously associated to and printed with a job unit received from an external apparatus and retrieve said job unit from memory to print it out, whereby said code is acquired from a separate unit.

3. Claim : 20

An image forming apparatus adapted to read a code previously associated to a recording medium during printing of an image received from an external apparatus and retrieve and print said image in response to said code reading.

4. Claim : 21

An image forming apparatus adapted to retrieve and print out a print job unit when a voice input section recognises a code corresponding to a code previously associated to and printed with a print job unit.

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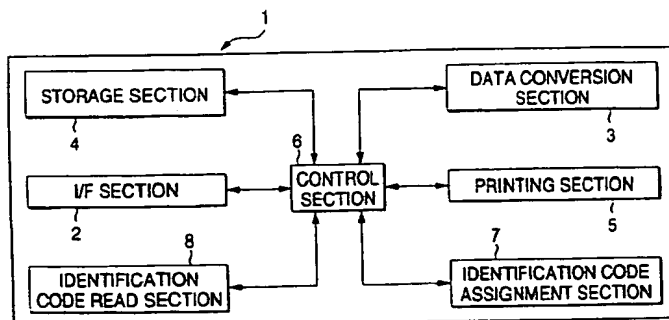
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### (54) Image forming apparatus and image forming system

(57) An image forming apparatus comprises an identification code assignment section (7) for assigning an identification code for each page unit or print job unit of print images, a printing section (5) for printing the print image and its corresponding identification code (10a) on a recording medium, a storage section (4) for storing the print images and their corresponding identification codes (10a), and an identification code read

section (8) for reading the identification code printed on the recording medium. A previously printed image identified by said identification code read section (8) may be called up from said storage section (4) and subsequently printed on a recording medium in said printing section (5).

FIG. 1



## Description

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

#### 1. Field of the Invention

This invention relates to an image forming apparatus, typified by printers, for receiving image data, which is printable data including characters, figures, symbols, lines or the like, from external machines, converting the received image data into a print image, and printing the image.

This invention relates to an image forming system comprising: an external machine, typified by personal computers, for preparing image data; and an image forming unit, typified by printers, for receiving image data from and the external machine, converting the received image data into a print image, and printing the image.

This invention relates to an image forming system comprising: an information processing unit, typified by a personal computer, for preparing image data; an image forming unit, typified by a printer, for receiving image data from the information processing unit, converting the received image data into a print image and printing the image; and a terminal adapter unit for executing speed conversion and protocol conversion and conducting wireless or wire data communication with external machines.

#### 2. Conventional Art

Upon reception of image data from an external machine such as a personal computer or a host computer, a printer of a conventional image forming unit forms a print image based on the received image data and prints as many copies as instructed from the external machine, etc.

Figure 26 is a schematic block diagram to show a conventional image forming unit. An image forming unit 21 comprises an I/F section 22 for receiving image data from an external system, a data conversion section 23 for converting the image data received on the I/F section into print data, a storage section 24 for storing programs required for controlling the image forming unit 21, font data required for the data conversion section 23, and the like, a printing section 25 for printing the data from the data conversion section 23, and a control section 26 for controlling these sections.

However, after printing, the conventional image forming unit erases all data involved in the printing. Thus, to provide the same image, the print command must be again issued from the information processing unit. If the image data is not stored in a floppy disk, a hard disk, or the like, the printed paper must be copied by a copy machine. Alternatively, to make the best use of a high resolution, the print data must be again created from the beginning at the information processing

unit.

### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In view of the above problems, it is an object of the present invention to provide a image forming apparatus which capable of repeatedly printing the same image with the same resolution in a short period of time.

According to the present invention, an image forming apparatus for printing external-image data, comprises an identification code assignment section for assigning an identification code for each page unit or print job unit of print images, a printing section for printing the print image and its corresponding identification code on a recording medium, a storage section for storing the print images and their corresponding identification codes, and an identification code read section for reading the identification code printed on the recording medium. In the image forming apparatus, the print image corresponding to the identification code read through said identification code read section is taken out from said storage section and the print image or the print image and the identification code are printed on a recording medium in said printing section.

### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

In the accompanying drawings:

Figure 1 is a schematic block diagram to show an image forming apparatus according to the invention;

Figure 2 is a perspective view to show printer according to a first embodiment of the image forming apparatus of the invention;

Figure 3 is a block diagram to show a general configuration of the printer shown in Figure 2;

Figure 4 is a perspective view of printer according to a second embodiment to show the image forming apparatus of the invention;

Figure 5 is a perspective view to show printer according to a third embodiment of the image forming apparatus of the invention;

Figure 6 is a perspective view to show printer according to a fourth embodiment of the image forming apparatus of the invention;

Figure 7 is a block diagram to show a general configuration of the printer shown in Figure 6;

Figure 8 is a perspective view to show printer according to a fifth embodiment of the image forming apparatus of the invention;

Figure 9 is a perspective view to show printer according to a sixth embodiment of the image forming apparatus of the invention;

Figure 10 is a perspective view to show printer according to a seventh embodiment of the image forming apparatus of the invention;

Figure 11 is a block diagram to show a general con-



figuration of the printer shown in Figure 10;

Figure 12 is a perspective view to show printer according to an eighth embodiment of the image forming apparatus of the invention;

Figure 13 is a schematic block diagram to show an image forming apparatus of the invention;

Figure 14A is a schematic perspective view to show the image forming apparatus according to a ninth embodiment of the invention;

Figure 14B is a schematic perspective view to show an external operation unit according to a tenth embodiment of the invention;

Figure 15 is a schematic block diagram to show an image forming apparatus according to an eleventh embodiment of the invention;

Figure 16 is a schematic block diagram to show an image forming apparatus according to a twelfth embodiment of the invention;

Figure 17 is a schematic block diagram to show an image forming system according to a thirteenth embodiment of the invention;

Figure 18 is a schematic block diagram to show an image forming system according to a fourteenth embodiment of the invention;

Figure 19 is a schematic block diagram to show an image forming apparatus according to a fifteenth embodiment of the invention;

Figure 20 is a schematic block diagram to show an image forming system of the invention;

Figure 21 is a schematic block diagram to show an image forming apparatus according to a sixteenth embodiment of the invention;

Figure 22 is a schematic block diagram to show an image forming apparatus according to a seventeenth embodiment of the invention;

Figure 23 is a schematic block diagram to show an image forming apparatus according to an eighteenth embodiment of the invention;

Figure 24 is a schematic block diagram to show an image forming apparatus according to a nineteenth embodiment of the invention;

Figure 25 is a schematic perspective view to show the image forming apparatus of the invention; and

Figure 26 is a schematic block diagram to show a conventional image forming unit.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Referring now to the accompanying drawings, preferred embodiments of the invention will be described.

##### First Embodiment

Figure 1 is a schematic block diagram to show an image forming apparatus according to the invention. An image forming apparatus 1 comprises an I/F section 2, a data conversion section 3, a storage section 4, a print-

ing section 5, a control section 6, an identification code assignment section 7, and an identification code read section 8.

The I/F section 2 is connected to a computer or the like, via a cable to receive image data to be printed from the computer.

The data conversion section 3 converts the image data received at the I/F section 2 into data that can be printed in the printing section 5.

The identification code assignment section 7 assigns an identification code in relation with a print image for each page or each print job unit (namely, file unit). The information contained in the identification code may be the serial number of the image forming apparatus 1, the serial number of the document, a password, etc. These information pieces may be compressed, encoded, and assigned as a bar code, for example.

The storage section 4 is a section for storing programs required for controlling the entire image forming apparatus 1, font data required for the data conversion section 3, print images printed in the printing section 5, and identification codes in a one-to-one correspondence with print images for each page unit or print job unit, assigned by the identification code assignment section 7.

The printing section 5 prints the data provided by the data conversion section 3 on a recording medium, and also prints the identification code assigned by the identification code assignment section 7 on the recording medium at the same time.

The control section 6 is a section for controlling the entire image forming apparatus 1.

The identification code read section 8 reads the identification code printed on a recording medium; it may be a bar-code reader if the identification code is indicated like a bar code.

According to the invention, a print image and an identification code are printed on a recording medium and at the same time, and they are also stored in the storage section 4. Thus, if it becomes necessary to again print, the identification code printed on the recording medium is simply read through the identification code read section 8, whereby the print image can be taken out from the storage section 4 and can be printed any number of times.

Specifically, the identification code may be printed as following manners: (Which print manner is adopted may be previously specified or the image forming apparatus may be provided with selection means for selecting any one of the print methods or a combination thereof.)

(1) Identification codes are printed on all pages of a recording medium to be printed.

Then, only pages to be printed can be printed promptly.

(2) Identification code is printed only on the first

page of a recording medium to be printed.

Then, the identification code is not printed on the second page or the later pages. In case of the identification code is assigned for each print job units, the second and later pages become unnecessary inevitably.

(3) Identification code is printed on the next page to the last page of a recording medium to be printed. That is, in case of 2-page printing, the identification code is printed on the third page.

Then, the identification code is not printed on the recording medium on which a print image is printed.

(4) Identification code is printed on the back face of a recording medium to be printed.

Then, the identification code is not printed on the front face of the print medium.

(5) In case of the identification code being read through the identification code read section 8 for printing, only print images is printed on a recording medium.

Then, it is determined that the print with the identification code is the original and that the print with no identification code is a duplicate made by reading the identification code through the identification code read section 8.

(6) In case of the identification code being read through the identification code read section 8 for printing, both of a print image and identification code are printed on a recording medium.

Then, every recording medium of print can be read through the identification code read section 8.

If the image forming apparatus of the invention is provided with network control means capable of also accessing other external machines and read and output means capable of reading and outputting print images of other units, documents of other image forming apparatus can also be drawn out and print images can be shared because the serial number of each image forming apparatus is contained in the identification code. If at least the serial number is printed in an alphanumeric character string, etc., and the correspondence between the alphanumeric strings as the serial numbers and the image forming apparatus is indicated, which image forming apparatus the print document is printed at is known and if the identification code is read through the identification code read section 8 of the image forming apparatus, the document can be printed promptly.

If the image forming apparatus is connected to a host computer, etc., and is provided with means that can respond to search, retrieval, and output instructions from the host computer, etc., the host computer can manage files and list the stored print image contents.

If the image forming apparatus is provided with means that can respond to setting of copy protect from the host computer, etc., the security of print images can be maintained.

Further, a specific configuration of the image forming apparatus which prints bar codes as identification codes will be discussed.

Figures 2 and 3 are reference drawings to explain a printer according to a first embodiment of the image forming apparatus of the invention.

Figure 2 is a perspective view of a printer 1. The printer 1 comprises the main components of an I/F section (interface section) 2, a data conversion section 3, a storage section 4, a printing section 5, a control section 6, an identification code assignment section 7, and an identification code read section 8, as shown in Figure 3.

The identification code read section 8 is a section for reading an identification code printed on recording paper 10; it may be made of a bar-code reader if the identification code is a code like a bar code 10a. In the first embodiment, such a bar-code reader is placed facing the inside of a slit 1a made in a part of the outside of the printer 1, as shown in Figure 2. The recording paper 10 is passed through the slit 1a, whereby the bar-code reader can read the bar code 10a printed on the recording paper 10.

By the way, the bar-code reader is a sensor for executing photoelectric conversion of the bar code 10a and reading the conversion result. On general photoelectric conversion principles of such a bar-code reader, a bar code is irradiated with laser light, infrared light, etc., and the sensor reads the reflected light from the bar code, executes photoelectric conversion, and determines the bar code contents electrically.

The following read systems using such photoelectric conversion are available:

#### (a) Optical scanning system

A system for scanning a narrowed light source over a bar code and reading the reflected light from the bar code by a sensor. It includes laser scanning, flying spot, etc., for example.

#### (b) Self-scanning sensor system

A system using a self-scanning sensor having a large number of pixels to read bar codes. It includes CCDs, a photodiode array, etc., for example.

#### (c) Mechanical scanning system

A system for moving a carriage on which a light source and a photo sensor are mounted, thereby reading bar codes.

For example, the following are actually used as the read systems:

- (1) Flat bed scanner
- (2) Original bed move scanner
- (3) Drum scanner
- (4) Bar code move scanner

- (5) Camera scanner
- (6) Manual scanner

The system for moving the bar code 10a (recording paper 10), irradiating the bar code 10a with laser light, etc., and reading the reflected light from the bar code, the camera system using CCDs, etc., to read the whole bar code 10a in batch, etc., can be used as the bar-code reader in the first embodiment; any of the above-mentioned systems may be used as the read system and in this point, the same also applies to the following embodiments.

The printer 1 according to the first embodiment can print any number of times simply by passing the recording paper 10 through the slit 1a, thus can print not via an external machine; printing is enabled in a short time and the operability of the printer 1 can be improved remarkably.

#### Second Embodiment

Figure 4 is an illustration to show a printer 11 according to a second embodiment of the invention. The second embodiment differs from the first embodiment in that a bar-code reader (identification code read section 8) is disposed in a part of a feed passage of recording paper 10 fed from a manual paper feed section 11a in the second embodiment.

In the printer 11, the recording paper 10 is fed into the manual paper feed section 11a, whereby the bar-code reader reads a bar code 10a and the print image corresponding to the read bar code can be taken out from a storage section 4 and again printed.

According to the second embodiment of the configuration, printing is enabled not via an external machine, thus the printer 11 can print in a short time and the operability of the printer 11 can be improved remarkably.

In the second embodiment, the system for moving the bar code 10a, irradiating the bar code 10a with laser light, etc., and reading the reflected light from the bar code, the camera system using CCDs, etc., or the like can be used as the bar-code reader as in the first embodiment; any other read system may be used as described above if it can be applied.

#### Third Embodiment

Figure 5 is an illustration to show a printer 12 according to a third embodiment of the invention. In the third embodiment, a bar-code reader 12a (identification code read section 8) is disposed in a part of the outside of the printer 12 and a bar code 10a of recording paper 10 is made to approach so as to cover the bar-code reader 12a, whereby the bar-code reader 12a reads the bar code 10a and the print image corresponding to the bar code 10a can be again printed.

According to the third embodiment of the configuration, printing is enabled not via an external machine,

thus the printer 12 can print in a short time and the operability of the printer 12 can be improved remarkably.

In the third embodiment, the camera system can be used as the bar-code reader 12a; any other read system may be used as described above if it can be applied.

#### Fourth Embodiment

Figures 6 and 7 are drawings to show a printer 13 according to a fourth embodiment of the invention. In the first to third embodiments, the identification code read section 8 is integral with the printer 1, 11, 12. In contrast, in the fourth embodiment, a bar-code reader 25 (identification code read section 8) is separately disposed on the outside of the printer 13, is connected to the printer 13 via wiring 26, and is formed with a slit 25a through which recording paper 10 on which a bar code 10a to be read is printed is passed.

According to the fourth embodiment of the configuration, printing is enabled not via an external machine, thus the printer 13 can print in a short time and the operability of the printer 13 can be improved remarkably.

In the fourth embodiment, the system for moving the bar coded 10a or the camera system can be used as the bar-code reader 25; any other read system may be used as described above if it can be applied.

#### Fifth Embodiment

Figure 8 is an illustration to show a printer 14 according to a fifth embodiment of the invention. In the fifth embodiment, a pen holder (pen member) 28 provided at a tip with a bar-code reader 28a (identification code read section 8) is connected to the printer 14 via wiring 26.

According to the fifth embodiment, the pen holder 28 containing the bar-code reader 28a is slid on a bar code 10a of recording paper 10 in a direction perpendicular to the line of the bar code 10a, whereby the bar code 10a can be read from end to end in order and the print image corresponding to the bar code 10a can be printed again.

Thus, according to the fifth embodiment, printing is enabled not via an external machine, so that the printer 14 can print in a short time and the operability of the printer 14 can be improved remarkably.

In the fifth embodiment, a manual scanning system (manual scanner) for the user to hold the pen holder 28 and scan over the bar code 10a by the bar code reader 28a is used; any other read system may be used as described above if it can be applied.

#### Sixth Embodiment

Figure 9 is an illustration to show a printer 15 according to a sixth embodiment of the invention. In the sixth embodiment, a bar-code reader 30 (identification

code read section 8) is connected to the printer 15 via wiring 26. According to the sixth embodiment, the bar-code reader 30 is slid on a bar code 10a of recording paper 10 in the length direction of the line of the bar code 10a, whereby the bar code 10a can be read in batch and the print image corresponding to the bar code 10a can be printed again.

Thus, according to the sixth embodiment, printing is enabled not via an external machine, so that the printer 15 can print in a short time and the operability of the printer 15 can be improved remarkably.

In the sixth embodiment, a system for scanning infrared light, etc., over the bar code 10a or the camera system can be used as the bar-code reader 30; any other read system may be used as described above if it can be applied.

#### Seventh Embodiment

Figures 10 and 11 are drawings to show a printer 16 according to a seventh embodiment of the invention. A bar-code reader 32 used with the printer 16 has a slit 32a through which recording paper 10 is passed to read a bar code 10a, but is not connected to the printer 16 via wiring 26, etc.; a read signal of the bar code 10a is input to the printer 16 via an internal antenna 34, etc., of the printer 16 as a radio signal.

According to the seventh embodiment of the configuration, printing is enabled not via an external machine, thus the printer 16 can print in a short time and the operability of the printer 16 can be improved remarkably.

In the seventh embodiment, the system for moving the bar code 10a or the camera system can be used as the bar-code reader 30; any other read system may be used as described above if it can be applied.

#### Eighth Embodiment

Figure 12 is an illustration to show a printer 17 according to an eighth embodiment of the invention. The eighth embodiment differs from the seventh embodiment in that an external receiver 36 connected to the printer 17 via wiring 26 receives a radio signal from a bar-code reader 32 in the eighth embodiment; whereas, the signal of the bar code 10a is input via the internal antenna 34, etc., of the printer 16 as a radio signal from the bar-code reader 32 in the seventh embodiment.

In the embodiments, the recording paper 10, namely, paper is used as a flexible sheet material. However, any sheet material other than paper, such as a plastic sheet material, can also be used if it is a flexible and sturdy material like a sheet.

#### Ninth Embodiment

Referring now to the accompanying drawings, ninth embodiment of the invention will be described.

Figure 13 is a schematic block diagram to show an image forming apparatus according to a ninth embodiment of the invention. The image forming apparatus comprises a main unit 1 and an external operation unit 10. The main unit 1 is provided with an I/F section 2, a data conversion section 3, a first storage section 4, a printing section 5, a control section 6, an identification code assignment section 7, and a first transmission/reception section 8. The external operation unit 10 is provided with a second transmission/reception section 11, a second storage section 12, a display section 13, an input section 14, and a control section 15.

The I/F section 2 is a section being connected to a computer, etc., via a cable for receiving image data to be printed from the computer, etc.

The data conversion section 3 is a section for converting the image data received at the I/F section 2 into data that can be printed in the printing section 5.

The identification code assignment section 7 is a section for assigning an identification code in relation with a print image for each page unit or print job unit (namely, file unit). The information contained in the identification code may be the serial number of a printer, the serial number of the document, a password, etc. These information pieces may be assigned in an alphanumeric character string, etc.

The first storage section 4 is a section for storing programs required for controlling the entire main unit 1, font, etc., required for the data conversion section 3, print images printed in the printing section 5, and identification codes corresponding to the print images, assigned by the identification code assignment section 7.

The printing section 5 is a section for printing the data provided by the data conversion section 3 and the identification code assigned by the identification code assignment section 7 on a recording medium at the same time.

The control section 6 is a section for controlling the entire main unit 1.

The first transmission/reception section 8 and the second transmission/reception section 11 are sections that can transmit and receive data such as identification codes to and from each other by a wireless communication method of infrared rays, radio wave, etc.

The second storage section 12 is a section for storing programs required for controlling the entire external operation unit 10 and data such as identification codes received at the second transmission/reception section 11.

The display section 13 is a section for displaying characters and digits; it can display identification codes.

The input section 14 is a section for entering identification codes; it may be made up of ten keys, character entry enabling keys, an enter button, etc., as shown in Figure 14A.

According to the invention, a print image and an identification code are printed on a recording medium

and at the same time, are stored in the first storage section 4. Thus, if it becomes necessary to again print, the identification code printed on the recording medium is simply entered through the input section 8 or the identification code stored in the second storage section 12 is simply displayed on the display section 13 and then an input command is given (in the embodiment, the enter button is pressed), whereby the print image can be taken out from the first storage section 4 via the second reception/transmission section 11 and the first reception/transmission section 8; it can be printed any number of times.

Figure 14A is a schematic perspective view of the main unit 1. The main unit 1 has an operation panel 21, a display section 22, a tray 23 as a cassette paper feed section, a cassette 24, and a recording medium discharge section 25 on appearance. Further, it comprises the first transmission/reception section 8 on the front.

Specifically, the identification code may be printed as follows: (Which print method is adopted may be previously specified or the main unit or the external operation unit may be provided with selection means for selecting any one of the print methods or a combination thereof.)

(1) Identification codes are printed on all pages of a recording medium to be printed.

Then, a command for printing only pages to be printed can be given promptly.

(2) Identification code is printed only on the first page of a recording medium to be printed.

Then, the identification code is not printed on the second page or the later pages. In print job units, the second and later pages become unnecessary inevitably.

(3) Identification code is printed on the next page to the last page of a recording medium to be printed. That is, in case of 2-page printing, the identification code is printed on the third page.

Then, the identification code is not printed at all on the recording medium on which a print image is printed.

(4) Identification code is printed on the back face of a recording medium to be printed.

Then, the identification code is not printed on the front face of the print medium.

(5) To print according to a print command entered through the external operation unit 10, only print images are printed on a recording medium.

Then, the print with the identification code is determined to be the original.

(6) To print according to a print command entered through the external operation unit 10, a print image and identification code are printed on a recording medium.

Then, a print command can be entered for every recording medium of print.

If the image forming apparatus of the invention is provided with network control means capable of also accessing other external machines and read and output means capable of reading and outputting print images of other units, documents of other image forming apparatus can also be drawn out and print images can be shared because the serial number of each image forming apparatus is contained in the identification code. If the correspondence between the alphanumeric strings as the serial numbers and the image forming apparatus is indicated, which image forming apparatus the document is printed at is known and if the identification code is entered on the external operation unit of the image forming apparatus, the document can be printed promptly. If the image forming apparatus is connected to a host, etc., and is provided with means that can respond to retrieval, read, and output instructions from the host, etc., the host can manage files and list the stored print image contents. If the image forming apparatus is provided with means that can respond to setting of copy protect from the host, etc., the security of print images can be maintained.

As another embodiment, related information to the print image corresponding to an identification code together with the identification code, such as a title or the document number, is transferred between a first transmission/reception section 8 and a second transmission/reception section 11 and is stored in a second storage section 12, then the identification code and the related information may be displayed on a display section 13. In doing so, rough information on the print image corresponding to the identification code can be known without seeing the recording medium and the time to printing can be reduced drastically.

#### Tenth Embodiment

As tenth embodiment, the configuration as shown in Figure 14B is adopted and commands can be entered on an input section 14 of an external operation unit 10 as with an operation panel 21 of a main unit 1, whereby the operation of the main unit 1 can be specified in remote control.

The tenth embodiment differs from the ninth embodiment in the following points:

(1) The printing section 5 does not print identification code.

(2) Identification code is not entered through the input section 14.

Even in the configuration wherein identification code is not printed on recording media and is not entered through the input section 14, the identification code stored in the second storage section 12 can be displayed on the display section 13, so that similar effects to those of the invention can be produced.

# Eleventh Embodiment

Referring now to the accompanying drawings, the eleventh embodiment of the invention will be described.

Figure 15 is a schematic block diagram to show an image forming apparatus of the invention. The image forming apparatus comprises a main unit 1 and an external operation unit 11. The main unit 1 is provided with an I/F section 2, a data conversion section 3, a storage section 4, a printing section 5, a control section 6, an identification code assignment section 7, a card insertion section 8, and a reception section 9. The external operation unit 11 is provided with a display section 13, a selection section 14, a control section 16, a card insertion section 18, and a transmission section 19.

The I/F section 2 is a section being connected to an external machine (not shown) such as a computer via a cable or in a wireless manner for receiving image data to be printed from the external machine.

The data conversion section 3 is a section for converting the image data received at the I/F section 2 into data that can be printed in the printing section 5.

The identification code assignment section 7 is a section for assigning an identification code in relation with a print image for each page unit or print job unit (namely, file unit). The information contained in the identification code may be the serial number of a printer, the serial number of the document, a password, etc. These information pieces may be assigned in characters, digits, or symbols, or a combination thereof, etc.

The storage section 4 is a section for storing programs required for controlling the entire main unit 1, font, etc., required for the data conversion section 3, print images printed in the printing section 5, and identification codes corresponding to the print images, assigned by the identification code assignment section 7.

The printing section 5 is a section for printing the data provided by the data conversion section 3 on a recording medium.

The control section 6 is a section for controlling the entire main unit 1.

The card insertion section 8 is a slot into which a readable/writable card can be inserted; when a card is inserted into the card insertion section 8, the identification code assigned by the identification code assignment section 7 is written onto the card as data. The written identification codes may be stored until the card fills with data.

The reception section 9 is a section for receiving transmission data of identification code, etc., in a wireless manner from the transmission section 19 of the external operation unit 11.

The transmission section 19 is a section for transmitting data of identification code, etc., to the reception section 9 in a wireless manner.

The display section 13 is a section for displaying

characters, digits, or symbols or a combination thereof, etc.; it can display identification codes.

The selection section 14 is a section made up of ten keys, etc., and enabling the user to select one of the identification codes displayed on the display section 13.

The card insertion section 18 is a slot into which a card can be inserted; when a card inserted into the card insertion section 8 and having an identification code written is inserted into the card insertion section 18, the identification code written on the card is read and is displayed on the display section 13.

According to the invention, a print image and its corresponding identification code are stored in the storage section 4 and at the same time, the identification code is written onto the card inserted into the card insertion section 8. Thus, if it becomes necessary to again print, the card is inserted into the card insertion section 18, the identification codes written on the card are displayed on the display section 13, and the identification code of the print image to be printed is selected through the selection section 14, whereby the print image corresponding to the identification code can be taken out from the storage section 4 via the transmission section 19 and the reception section 9; it can be printed any number of times.

In the embodiment, an identification code is not printed on recording paper and is written onto a card. However, when a print image is printed in the printing section 5, its corresponding identification code may be printed with the print image. In doing so, if the recording paper is seen, which image data the identification code corresponds to is known; when the identification code is selected on the selection section 14, the selection time can be reduced drastically.

As another embodiment, at the same time as an identification code is written onto the card inserted into a card insertion section 8, related information to the print image corresponding to the identification code, such as a title, the document number, the document name, the data creation date, the creator (user name), or the file name of an external machine like a personal computer, is written onto the card and when the card is inserted into a card insertion section 18, the identification code and its relevant information may be displayed together on a display section 13. In doing so, rough information on the print image corresponding to the identification code can be known without seeing the recording medium and when the identification code is selected on a selection section 14, the time can be reduced drastically.

## Twelfth Embodiment

Further, the twelfth embodiment is characterized by the fact that an external operation unit 11 is integral with a card. That is, as shown in Figure 16, the external operation unit 11 is not provided with a card insertion section and is integral with a card C, whereby time and

effort for inserting the card C into the external operation unit 11 after the card C is inserted into a main unit 1 can be saved.

#### Thirteenth Embodiment

Referring now to the accompanying drawings, the thirteenth embodiment is described.

Figure 17 is a schematic block diagram to show an image forming system of the invention. The image forming system comprises an image forming apparatus 1 and an external machine 10. The image forming apparatus 1 is provided with a first I/F section 2, a data conversion section 3, a first storage section 4, a printing section 5, a control section 6, and an identification code assignment section 7. The external machine 10 is provided with a second I/F section 11, a second storage section 12, a display section 13, an input section 14, and a control section 15.

The first I/F section 2 is a section being connected to the external machine 10 via a cable or in a wireless manner for receiving image data to be printed from the external machine 10 and transmitting and receiving data of identification codes, etc.

The data conversion section 3 is a section for converting the image data received at the first I/F section 2 into data that can be printed in the printing section 5.

The identification code assignment section 7 is a section for assigning an identification code in relation with a print image for each page unit or print job unit (namely, file unit). The information contained in the identification code may be the serial number of a printer, the serial number of the document, a password, etc. These information pieces may be assigned in characters, digits, or symbols or a combination thereof, etc.

The first storage section 4 is a section for storing programs required for controlling the entire image forming apparatus 1, font, etc., required for the data conversion section 3, print images printed in the printing section 5, and identification codes corresponding to the print images, assigned by the identification code assignment section 7.

The printing section 5 is a section for printing the data provided by the data conversion section 3 on a recording medium.

The control section 6 is a section for controlling the entire image forming apparatus 1.

The second I/F section 11 is a section being connected to the first I/F section 2 via a cable or in a wireless manner for transmitting image data to the image forming apparatus 1 and transmitting and receiving data of identification codes, etc.

The second storage section 12 is a section for storing programs required for controlling the entire external machine 10 and data of identification codes, etc., received on the second I/F section 12.

The display section 13 is a section for displaying characters, digits, or symbols or a combination thereof,

etc.; it can display identification codes.

The input section 14, which is made of a normal keyboard, is also a section enabling the user to prepare an image and select one of the identification codes displayed on the display section 13.

According to the invention, a print image and its corresponding identification code are stored in the first storage section 4 and at the same time, the identification code is stored in the second storage section 12. Thus, if it becomes necessary to again print, the identification codes are displayed on the display section 13 and the identification code of the print image to be printed is selected through the selection section 14, whereby the print image can be taken out from the first storage section 4 via the second I/F section 11 and the first I/F section 2; it can be printed any number of times.

As another embodiment, related information to the print image corresponding to an identification code together with the identification code, such as a title or the document number, is transferred between a first I/F section 2 and a second I/F section 11 and is stored in a second storage section 12, then the identification code and the related information may be displayed on a display section 13. In doing so, rough information on the print image corresponding to the identification code can be known without seeing the recording medium and the time to printing can be reduced drastically.

#### Fourteenth Embodiment

Referring now to the accompanying drawings, the fourteenth embodiment is described.

Figure 18 is a schematic block diagram to show an image forming system of the invention. The image forming system comprises an image forming apparatus 1 and an external machine 11. The image forming apparatus 1 is provided with an I/F section 2, a data conversion section 3, a storage section 4, a printing section 5, a control section 6, an identification code assignment section 7, and a card insertion section 8. The external machine 11 is provided with an I/F section 12, a display section 13, a selection section 14, a control section 16, and a card insertion section 18.

The I/F section 2 is a section being connected to the external machine 11 via a cable or in a wireless manner for receiving image data to be printed from the external machine 11 and receiving data of identification codes, etc.

The data conversion section 3 is a section for converting the image data received at the I/F section 2 into data that can be printed in the printing section 5.

The identification code assignment section 7 is a section for assigning an identification code in relation with a print image for each page unit or print job unit (namely, file unit). The information contained in the identification code may be the serial number of a printer, the serial number of the document, a password, etc. These information pieces may be assigned in characters, dig-

its, or symbols or a combination thereof, etc.

The storage section 4 is a section for storing programs required for controlling the entire image forming apparatus 1, font, etc., required for the data conversion section 3, print images printed in the printing section 5, and identification codes corresponding to the print images, assigned by the identification code assignment section 7.

The printing section 5 is a section for printing the data provided by the data conversion section 3 on a recording medium.

The control section 6 is a section for controlling the entire image forming apparatus 1.

The card insertion section 8 is a slot into which a readable/writable card can be inserted; when a card is inserted into the card insertion section 8, the identification code assigned by the identification code assignment section 7 is written onto the card as data. The written identification codes may be stored until the card fills with data.

The I/F section 12 is a section being connected to the I/F section 2 via a cable or in a wireless manner for transmitting image data to the image forming apparatus 1 and transmitting identification codes.

The display section 13 is a section for displaying characters, digits, or symbols or a combination thereof, etc.; it can display identification codes.

The selection section 14, which is made of a normal keyboard, is a section enabling the user to prepare an image and moreover select one of the identification codes displayed on the display section 13.

The control section 16 is a section for controlling the entire external machine 11.

The card insertion section 18 is a slot into which a card can be inserted; when a card inserted into the card insertion section 8 and having an identification code written is inserted into the card insertion section 18, the identification code written on the card is read and is displayed on the display section 13.

According to the invention, a print image and its corresponding identification code are stored in the storage section 4 and at the same time, the identification code is written onto the card inserted into the card insertion section 8. Thus, if it becomes necessary to again print, the card is inserted into the card insertion section 18, the identification codes written on the card are displayed on the display section 13, and the identification code of the print image to be printed is selected through the selection section 14, whereby the print image corresponding to the identification code can be taken out from the storage section 4 via the I/F sections 12 and 2; it can be printed any number of times.

In the embodiment, an identification code is not printed on recording paper and is written onto a card. However, when a print image is printed in the printing section 5, its corresponding identification code may be printed with the print image. In doing so, if the recording paper is seen, which image data the identification code

corresponds to is known; when the identification code is selected on the selection section 14, the selection time can be reduced drastically.

As another embodiment, at the same time as an identification code is written onto the card inserted into a card insertion section 8, related information to the print image corresponding to the identification code, such as a title, the document number, the document name, the data creation date, the creator (user name), or the file name of an external machine like a personal computer, is written onto the card and when the card is inserted into a card insertion section 18, the identification code and its relevant information may be displayed together on a display section 13. In doing so, rough information on the print image corresponding to the identification code can be known without seeing the recording medium and when the identification code is selected on a selection section 14, the time can be reduced drastically.

#### Fifteenth Embodiment

Referring now to the accompanying drawings, the fifteenth embodiment is described.

Figure 19 is a schematic block diagram to show an image forming apparatus of the invention. An image forming apparatus 1 comprises an I/F section 2, a data conversion section 3, a storage section 4, a printing section 5, a control section 6, and an identification code assignment section 7.

The I/F section 2 is a section being connected to a network bus line for receiving image data to be printed from an information processing unit and identification code data from a terminal adapter unit.

The data conversion section 3 is a section for converting the image data received at the I/F section 2 into data that can be printed in the printing section 5.

The identification code assignment section 7 is a section for assigning an identification code in relation with a print image for each page unit or print job unit (namely, file unit). The information contained in the identification code may be the serial number of a printer, the serial number of the document, a password, etc. These information pieces may be assigned in characters, digits, or symbols or a combination thereof, etc.

The storage section 4 is a section for storing programs required for controlling the entire image forming apparatus 1, font, etc., required for the data conversion section 3, print images printed in the printing section 5, and identification codes corresponding to the print images, assigned by the identification code assignment section 7.

The printing section 5 is a section for printing the print image provided by the data conversion section 3 and the identification code corresponding to the print image on a recording medium.

The control section 6 is a section for controlling the entire image forming apparatus 1.



Figure 20 is a schematic block diagram to show an image forming system of the invention. The image forming system comprises a plurality of information processing units 12, a plurality of image forming apparatus 1, and a terminal adapter unit 13 connected by a bus line 11.

According to the invention, each image forming apparatus 1 stores a print image and its corresponding identification code in a storage section 4 and at the same time, prints the identification code on a recording medium in a printing section 5. Thus, if it becomes necessary to again print, the identification code printed on the recording medium is simply transmitted from an external machine to the terminal adapter unit 13, whereby the print image corresponding to the identification code can be taken out from the storage section 4 via an I/F section 2 and can be printed any number of times.

If the terminal adapter unit 13 is connected to a public switched line, the external machine may be a machine which enables the user to enter characters, digits, or symbols as an identification code and can be connected to a telephone line or can communicate with a base station; for example, an information processing machine such as a personal computer, a telephone, a portable telephone, or a portable terminal may be used. If the terminal adapter unit 13 executes wireless reception, the external machine may be a machine which enables the user to enter characters, digits, or symbols as an identification code and can execute wireless transmission; for example, a radio cordless telephone may be used.

After the print image corresponding to the identification code is taken out from the storage section 4, the image forming apparatus having the storage section 4 may print the print image; the taken-out print image may be transmitted to another image forming apparatus over the bus line 11 for printing the print image at this image forming apparatus.

Further, if after the termination of printing according to a command from an external machine, a print end message is transmitted from the terminal adapter unit 13 to the external machine, the user of the external machine can check whether or not the printing is complete although he or she does not exist in the vicinity of the image forming apparatus. Printed identification code is transmitted together with the print end message and is stored in the external machine, whereby it can be used for specification when the same print image is again printed; good use of a reception history can be made for an electronic filing system.

#### Sixteenth Embodiment

Referring now to the accompanying drawings, sixteen the embodiment is described.

Figure 21 is a schematic block diagram to show an image forming apparatus of the invention. An image

forming apparatus 1 comprises an I/F section 2, a data conversion section 3, a storage section 4, a printing section 5, a control section 6, an identification code assignment section 7, and a card insertion section 8.

The I/F section 2 is a section being connected to a network bus line for receiving image data to be printed from an information processing unit and identification code data from a terminal adapter unit.

The data conversion section 3 is a section for converting the image data received at the I/F section 2 into data that can be printed in the printing section 5.

The identification code assignment section 7 is a section for assigning an identification code in relation with a print image for each page unit or print job unit (namely, file unit). The information contained in the identification code may be the serial number of a printer, the serial number of the document, a password, etc. These information pieces may be assigned in characters, digits, or symbols or a combination thereof, etc.

The storage section 4 is a section for storing programs required for controlling the entire image forming apparatus 1, font, etc., required for the data conversion section 3, print images printed in the printing section 5, and identification codes corresponding to the print images, assigned by the identification code assignment section 7.

The printing section 5 is a section for printing the print image provided by the data conversion section 3 and the identification code corresponding to the print image on a recording medium.

The control section 6 is a section for controlling the entire image forming apparatus 1.

The card insertion section 8 is a slot into which a readable/writable card can be inserted; when a card is inserted into the card insertion section 8, the identification code assigned by the identification code assignment section 7 is written onto the card as data. The written identification codes may be stored until the card fills with data.

The image forming system comprises a plurality of information processing units 12, a plurality of image forming apparatus 1, and a terminal adapter unit 13 connected by a bus line 11 as shown in Figure 20.

According to the invention, each image forming apparatus 1 stores a print image and its corresponding identification code in a storage section 4 and at the same time, writes the identification code onto a card inserted into a card insertion section 8. Thus, if it becomes necessary to again print, the user inserts the card into an external machine for read, selects any desired identification code, and transmits the selected identification code to a terminal adapter unit 13, whereby the print image corresponding to the identification code can be taken out from the storage section 4 via an I/F section 2 and can be printed any number of times.

If the terminal adapter unit 13 is connected to a public switched line, the external machine may be a

machine which enables insertion of a card and can be connected to a telephone line or can communicate with a base station; for example, an information processing machine such as a personal computer, a telephone, a portable telephone, or a portable terminal may be used. If the terminal adapter unit 13 executes wireless reception, the external machine may be a machine which enables insertion of a card and can execute wireless transmission; for example, a radio cordless telephone may be used. The external machine may be integral with a card; time and effort for inserting the card into the external machine after the card is inserted into a main unit 1 can be saved.

After the print image corresponding to the identification code is taken out from the storage section 4, the image forming apparatus having the storage section 4 may print the print image; the taken-out print image may be transmitted to another image forming apparatus over the bus line 11 for printing the print image at this image forming apparatus.

In the embodiment, an identification code is not printed on recording paper and is written onto a card. However, when a print image is printed in the printing section 5, its corresponding identification code may be printed with the print image. In doing so, if the recording paper is seen, which image data the identification code corresponds to is known; when the identification code is selected on the external machine, the selection time can be reduced drastically.

Further, at the same time as an identification code is written onto the card inserted into the card insertion section 8, related information to the print image corresponding to the identification code, such as a title, the document number, the document name, the data creation date, the creator (user name), or the file name of an external machine like a personal computer, may be written onto the card. In doing so, when the card is inserted into the external machine, the identification code and its relevant information can be known together and when the identification code is selected on the external machine, the selection time can be reduced drastically.

Further, if after the termination of printing according to a command from an external machine, a print end message is transmitted from the terminal adapter unit 13 to the external machine, the user of the external machine can check whether or not the printing is complete although he or she does not exist in the vicinity of the image forming apparatus. Printed identification code is transmitted together with the print end message and is stored in the external machine, whereby it can be used for specification when the same print image is again printed; good use of a reception history can be made for an electronic filing system.

#### Seventeenth Embodiment

Referring now to the accompanying drawings, the seventeenth embodiment is described.

Figure 22 is a schematic block diagram to show an image forming apparatus according to the invention. An image forming apparatus 1 comprises an I/F section 2, a data conversion section 3, a storage-section 4, a printing section 5, a control section 6, an identification code assignment section 7, and an identification code input section 8.

The I/F section 2 is a section being connected to a computer, etc., via a cable for receiving image data to be printed from the computer, etc.

The data conversion section 3 is a section for converting the image data received at the I/F section 2 into data that can be printed in the printing section 5.

The identification code assignment section 7 is a section for assigning an identification code in relation with a print image for each page unit or print job unit (namely, file unit). The information contained in the identification code may be the serial number of a printer, the serial number of the document, a password, etc. These information pieces may be assigned in characters, digits, etc.

The storage section 4 is a section for storing programs required for controlling the entire image forming apparatus 1, font, etc., required for the data conversion section 3, print images printed in the printing section 5, and identification codes in a one-to-one correspondence with print images for each page unit or print job unit, assigned by the identification code assignment section 7.

The printing section 5 is a section for printing the data provided by the data conversion section 3 and the identification code assigned by the identification code assignment section 7 on a recording medium at the same time.

The control section 6 is a section for controlling the entire image forming apparatus 1.

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The identification code input section 8 is a section for entering the identification code printed on a recording medium; keys attached to the image forming apparatus 1 or ten keys connected to the image forming apparatus 1 in a wireless or wire manner may be used as the identification code input section 8.

According to the invention, a print image and an identification code are printed on a recording medium and at the same time, are stored in the storage section 4. Thus, if it becomes necessary to again print, the identification code printed on the recording medium is simply entered through the identification code input section 8, whereby the print image can be taken out from the storage section 4 and can be printed any number of times.

Specifically, the identification code may be printed as follows: (Which print method is adopted may be previously specified or the image forming apparatus may be provided with selection means for selecting any one

of the print methods or a combination thereof.)

(1) Identification codes are printed on all pages of a recording medium to be printed.

Then, only pages to be printed can be printed promptly.

(2) Identification code is printed only on the first page of a recording medium to be printed.

Then, the identification code is not printed on the second page or the later pages. In case of the identification code is assigned for each print job units, the second and later pages become unnecessary inevitably.

(3) Identification code is printed on the next page to the last page of a recording medium to be printed. That is, in case of 2-page printing, the identification code is printed on the third page.

Then, the identification code is not printed on the recording medium on which a print image is printed.

(4) Identification code is printed on the back face of a recording medium to be printed.

Then, the identification code is not printed on the front face of the print medium.

(5) In case of the identification code being read through the identification code input section 8 for printing, only print images is printed on a recording medium.

Then, it is determined that the print with the identification code is the original and that the print with no identification code is a duplicate made by reading the identification code through the identification code input section 8.

(6) In case of the identification code being read through the identification code input section 8 for printing, both of a print image and identification code are printed on a recording medium.

Then, every recording medium of print can be read through the identification code input section 8.

If the image forming apparatus of the invention is provided with network control means capable of also accessing other external machines and read and output means capable of reading and outputting print images of other units, documents of other image forming apparatus can also be drawn out and print images can be shared because the serial number of each image forming apparatus is contained in the identification code. If the correspondence between the alphanumeric strings as the serial numbers and the image forming apparatus is indicated, which image forming apparatus the document is printed at is known and if the identification code is entered through the identification code input section 8 of the image forming apparatus, the document can be printed promptly.

If the image forming apparatus is connected to a host, etc., and is provided with means that can respond to retrieval, read, and output instructions from the host,

etc., the host can manage files and list the stored print image contents.

If the image forming apparatus is provided with means that can respond to setting of copy protect from the host, etc., the security of print images can be maintained.

#### Eighteenth Embodiment

Referring now to the accompanying drawings, the eighteenth embodiment is described.

Figure 23 is a schematic block diagram to show an image forming apparatus according to the invention. An image forming apparatus 1 comprises an I/F section 2, a data conversion section 3, a storage section 4, a printing section 5, a control section 6, a first identification code assignment section 7, an identification code read section 8, and a second identification code assignment section 9.

The I/F section 2 is a section being connected to a computer, etc., via a cable for receiving image data to be printed from the computer, etc.

The data conversion section 3 is a section for converting the image data received at the I/F section 2 into data that can be printed in the printing section 5.

The first identification code assignment section 7 is a section for assigning an identification code in relation with a print image for each page unit or print job unit (namely, file unit). The information contained in the identification code may be the serial number of a printer, the serial number of the document, a password, etc. These information pieces may be compressed and encrypted.

The storage section 4 is a section for storing programs required for controlling the entire image forming apparatus 1, font, etc., required for the data conversion section 3, print images printed in the printing section 5, and identification codes in a one-to-one correspondence with print images assigned by the first identification code assignment section 7.

The printing section 5 is a section for printing the data provided by the data conversion section 3 on a recording medium.

The second identification code assignment section 9 is a section for assigning an identification code to a recording medium when the printing section 5 prints. Specifically, the identification code may be assigned in paint emitting infrared rays or transparent magnetic toner; only print images may be printed on the recording medium.

The control section 6 is a section for controlling the entire image forming apparatus 1.

The identification code read section 8 is a section for reading the identification code assigned to a recording medium; for example, if the second identification code assignment section 9 assigns an identification code in paint emitting infrared rays, the identification code read section 8 may be made of an infrared sensor or if the second identification code assignment section 9

assigns an identification code in magnetic toner, the identification code read section 8 may be made of a magnetic reader.

According to the invention, a print image is printed on a recording medium and an identification code is assigned and at the same time, they are stored in the storage section 4. Thus, if it becomes necessary to again print, the identification code assigned to the recording medium is simply read through the identification code read section 8, whereby the print image can be taken out from the storage section 4 and can be printed any-number of times. Moreover, the identification code can be assigned to the recording medium transparently.

Specifically, the identification code may be assigned as follows: (Which method is adopted may be previously specified or the image forming apparatus may be provided with selection means for selecting any one of the print methods or a combination thereof.)

(1) Identification code are assigned to all pages of a recording medium to be printed.

Then, only pages to be printed can be printed promptly.

(2) Identification code is assigned only to the first page of a recording medium to be printed.

Then, the identification code is not assigned to the second page or the later pages. In print job units, the second and later pages become unnecessary inevitably.

(3) In case of the identification code being read through the identification code read section 8 for printing, only print image is printed on a recording medium.

Then, it is determined that the print assigned the identification code is the original and that the print assigned no identification code is made by reading the identification code through the identification code read section 8.

(4) In case of the identification code being read through the identification code read section 8 for printing, a print image is printed on a recording medium and an identification code is assigned at the same time.

Then, every recording medium of print can be read through the identification code read section 8.

If the image forming apparatus of the invention is provided with network control means capable of also accessing other external machines and read and output means capable of reading and outputting print images of other units, documents of other image forming apparatus can also be drawn out and print images can be shared because the serial number of each image forming apparatus is contained in the identification code.

If the image forming apparatus is connected to a host, etc., and is provided with means that can respond to retrieval, read, and output instructions from the host,

etc., the host can manage files and list the stored print image contents.

If the image forming apparatus is provided with means that can respond to setting of copy protect from the host, etc., the security of print images can be maintained.

#### Nineteenth Embodiment

Referring now to the accompanying drawings, the nineteenth embodiment is described.

Figure 24 is a schematic block diagram to show an image forming apparatus according to the invention. An image forming apparatus 1 comprises an I/F section 2, a data conversion section 3, a storage section 4, a printing section 5, a control section 6, an identification code assignment section 7, and a voice input section 8.

The I/F section 2 is a section being connected to a computer, etc., via a cable for receiving image data to be printed from the computer, etc.

The data conversion section 3 is a section for converting the image data received at the I/F section 2 into data that can be printed in the printing section 5.

The identification code assignment section 7 is a section for assigning an identification code in relation with a print image for each page unit or print job unit (namely, file unit). The information contained in the identification code may be the serial number of a printer, the serial number of the document, a password, etc. These information pieces may be assigned in characters, digits, etc.

The storage section 4 is a section for storing programs required for controlling the entire image forming apparatus 1, font, etc., required for the data conversion section 3, print images printed in the printing section 5, and identification codes in a one-to-one correspondence with print images assigned by the first identification code assignment section 7.

The printing section 5 is a section for printing the data provided by the data conversion section 3 and the identification code assigned by the identification code assignment section 7 on a recording medium at the same time.

The control section 6 is a section for controlling the entire image forming apparatus 1.

The voice input section 8 is a section for entering an identification code in voice by the user of the image forming apparatus 1 and converting input voice into identification code data of characters, digits, etc.

According to the invention, a print image and an identification code are printed on a recording medium and at the same time, are stored in the storage section 4. Thus, if it becomes necessary to again print, the identification code printed on the recording medium is simply entered in voice through the voice input section 8, whereby the print image can be taken out from the storage section 4 and can be printed any number of times.

Specifically, the identification code may be

assigned as follows: (Which print method is adopted may be previously specified or the image forming apparatus may be provided with selection means for selecting any one of the print methods or a combination thereof.)

(1) Identification codes are printed on all pages of a recording medium to be printed.

Then, only pages to be printed can be printed promptly.

(2) Identification code is printed only on the first page of a recording medium to be printed.

Then, the identification code is not printed on the second page or the later pages. In case of the identification code is assigned for each print job units, the second and later pages become unnecessary inevitably.

(3) Identification code is printed on the next page to the last page of a recording medium to be printed. That is, in case of 2-page printing, the identification code is printed on the third page.

Then, the identification code is not printed on the recording medium on which a print image is printed.

(4) Identification code is printed on the back face of a recording medium to be printed.

Then, the identification code is not printed on the front face of the print medium.

(5) In case of the identification code being read through the identification code input section 8 for printing, only print images is printed on a recording medium.

Then, it is determined that the print with the identification code is the original and that the print with no identification code is a duplicate made by reading the identification code through the identification code input section 8.

(6) In case of the identification code being read through the identification code input section 8 for printing, both of a print image and identification code are printed on a recording medium.

Then, every recording medium of print can be read through the identification code input section 8.

Figure 25 is a schematic perspective view to show the image forming apparatus according to the invention. The image forming apparatus has an operation panel 21, a display section 22, a tray 23 as a cassette paper feed section, a cassette 24, and a recording medium discharge section 25. Further, it comprises the voice input section 8 on the front.

If the image forming apparatus of the invention is provided with network control means capable of also accessing other external machines and read and output means capable of reading and outputting print images of other units, documents of other image forming apparatus can also be drawn out and print images can be shared because the serial number of each image form-

ing apparatus is contained in the identification code. Thus, if an identification code is entered through the voice input section of the nearest image forming apparatus, the print image corresponding to the identification code can be printed on the image forming apparatus.

If the correspondence between the alphanumeric strings as the serial numbers and the image forming apparatus is indicated, which image forming apparatus the document is printed at is known and if the identification code is entered through the voice input section 8 of the image forming apparatus, the document can be printed promptly.

Further, if the image forming apparatus is connected to a host, etc., and is provided with means that can respond to retrieval, read, and output instructions from the host, etc., the host can manage files and list the stored print image contents.

Further, if the image forming apparatus is provided with means that can respond to setting of copy protect from the host, etc., the security of print images can be maintained.

As we have discussed in detail, the image forming apparatus according to the invention can print any number of times with the same resolution and moreover in a short time; particularly if it is adopted for a color printer, an efficient image forming apparatus and image forming system can be provided.

## Claims

1. An image forming apparatus for printing image data from an external device, comprising:

an identification code assignment section (7) for assigning an identification code for each page unit or print job unit of print images to be printed;

a printing section (5) for printing the print images and their corresponding identification codes on a recording medium (10);

a storage section (4) for storing the print images and their corresponding identification codes; and

an identification code read section (8) adapted to read the identification code once printed on the recording medium (10);

wherein the print image corresponding to the identification code read through said identification code read section (8) is taken out from said storage section (4) and the print image or the print image with the identification code (10a) are printed on a recording medium (10) in said printing section.

2. The image forming apparatus as claimed in Claim

1, wherein the identification code (10a) is printed on all pages of a recording medium to be printed.

3. The image forming apparatus as claimed in Claim 1, wherein the identification code (10a) is printed only on the first page of a recording medium to be printed. 5
4. The image forming apparatus as claimed in Claim 1, wherein the identification code (10a) is printed as the next page to the last page of a recording medium to be printed. 10
5. The image forming apparatus as claimed in Claim 1, wherein the identification code (10a) is printed on a back face of a recording medium to be printed. 15
6. An image forming apparatus for printing external image data, comprising: 20

a main unit (1) including an identification code assignment section (7) for assigning an identification code for each page unit or print job unit of print images, a printing section (5) for printing the print image and its corresponding identification code on a recording medium, a first storage section (4) for storing the print images and their corresponding identification codes (10a), and a first transmission/reception section (8) capable of transmitting and receiving the identification codes (10a) in a wireless manner; and 25 30

an external operation unit (10) including a second transmission/reception section (11) capable of transmitting and receiving the identification codes to and from said first transmission/reception section (8) in a wireless manner, a second storage section (12) for storing the identification codes received at said second transmission/reception section (11), a display section (13) for displaying the identification codes received at said second transmission/reception section (11) or the identification codes stored in said second storage section (12), and an input section (14) through which an identification code can be entered, wherein the identification code entered through said input section (14) or the identification code displayed on said display section (13) is transmitted from said second transmission/reception section (11) to said first transmission/reception section (8), the print image corresponding to the identification code is taken out from said first storage section (4), and the print image or the print image and the identification code are printed on a recording medium in said printing section (5). 35 40 45 50 55

7. An image forming apparatus for printing external image data, comprising:

a main unit (1) including an identification code assignment section (7) for assigning an identification code for each page unit or print job unit of print images, a printing section (5) for printing the print image on a recording medium, a first storage section (4) for storing the print images and their corresponding identification codes, and a first transmission/reception section (8) capable of transmitting and receiving the identification codes in a wireless manner; and

an external operation unit (10) including a second transmission/reception section (11) capable of transmitting and receiving the identification codes to and from said first transmission/reception section (8) in a wireless manner, a second storage section (12) for storing the identification codes received at said second transmission/reception section (11), and a display section (13) for displaying the identification codes received at said second transmission/reception section (11) or the identification codes stored in said second storage section (12),

wherein the identification code displayed on said display section (13) is transmitted from said second transmission/reception section (11) to said first transmission/reception section (8) and the print image corresponding to the identification code is taken out from said first storage section (4) and is printed on a recording medium in said printing section (5).

8. The image forming apparatus as claimed in Claim 6 or 7, wherein an identification code and related information to the print image corresponding to the identification code are transferred between said first and second transmission/reception sections (8, 11), are stored in said second section (12), and are displayed on said display section (13).
9. The image forming apparatus as claimed in Claim 6, 7 or 8, wherein a control command of said main unit (1) can be entered through said input section (14).
10. An image forming apparatus for converting external image data into a print image and printing the image, said apparatus comprising:

a main unit (11) including an identification code assignment section (7) for assigning an identification code for each page unit or print job unit of print images, a storage section (4) for storing

the print images and their corresponding identification codes, a wireless reception section (9) capable of receiving identification codes in a wireless manner, and a first card insertion section (8) used as a slot of a readable/writable card, the identification code being able to be written onto the card inserted into said first card insertion section (8); and

an external operation unit (11) including a transmission section (19) for transmitting identification codes to said reception section (9) in a wireless manner, a second card insertion section (18) used as a slot of a card, a display section (13) for displaying the identification codes written on the card inserted into said second card insertion section, and a selection section (14) for selecting one from among the identification codes displayed on said display section (13),

wherein the identification code selected through said selection section (14) is transmitted from said transmission section (19) to said reception section (9) and the print image corresponding to the identification code is taken out from said storage section (4) and is printed.

11. An image forming apparatus for converting external image data into a print image and printing the image, said apparatus comprising:

a main unit (1) including an identification code assignment section (7) for assigning an identification code for each page unit or print job unit of print images, a storage section (4) for storing the print images and their corresponding identification codes, a wireless reception section (9) capable of receiving identification codes in a wireless manner, and a card insertion section (8) used as a slot of a readable/writable card, the identification code being able to be written onto the card inserted into said card insertion section (8); and

an external operation unit (11) is integral with the card (C) and including a transmission section (19) for transmitting identification codes to said reception section in a wireless manner, a display section (13) for displaying the identification codes written on the card, and a selection section (14) for selecting one from among the identification codes displayed on said display section (13), wherein the identification code selected through said selection section (14) is transmitted from said transmission section (19) to said reception section (9) and the print image corresponding to the identification code is taken out

from said storage section (4) and is printed.

12. The image forming apparatus as claimed in Claim 10 or 11, wherein said main unit (1) can write identification codes and their relevant information onto a card (C) and wherein said display section (13) of said external operation unit (11) displays the identification codes and their relevant information.

13. An image forming system comprising an external machine (10) for preparing image data, and an image forming apparatus (1) for receiving image data from said external machine and printing the image data,

said image forming apparatus (1) comprising:

a first interface section (2) for receiving image data, and transmitting and receiving identification codes;

an identification code assignment section (7) for assigning an identification code for each page unit or print job unit of print images; and

a first storage section (4) for storing the print images and their corresponding identification codes; and

said external machine (10) comprising:

a second interface section (11) for transmitting image data and for transmitting and receiving identification codes,

a second storage section (12) for storing the identification codes received at said second interface section (11),

a display section (13) for displaying the identification codes stored in said second storage section (12), and

a selection section (14) for selecting one from among the identification codes displayed on said display section, wherein the identification code selected through said selection section (14) is transmitted from said second interface section (11) to said first interface section (2) and the print image corresponding to the identification code is taken out from said first storage section (4) and is printed.

14. The image forming system as claimed in Claim 13, wherein an identification code and related information to the print image corresponding to the identification code are transferred between said first and

second interface sections (2, 11) are stored in said second storage section (12), and are displayed on said display section (13).

15. An image forming system comprising an external machine (11) for preparing image data, and an image forming apparatus (1) for receiving image data from said external machine and converting the image data into a print image for printing,
- said image forming apparatus (1) comprising:
- an interface section (2) for receiving data of image data;
- an identification code assignment section (7) for assigning an identification code for each page unit or print job unit of print images;
- a storage section (4) for storing the print images and their corresponding identification codes, and
- a card insertion section (8) used as a slot of a readable/writable card, the identification code being able to be written onto the card inserted into said card insertion section (8), and
- said external machine (11) comprising:
- an interface section (12) for transmitting image data, identification code data;
- a card insertion section (18) used as a slot of a card;
- a display section (13) for displaying the identification codes written on the card inserted into said card insertion section (18); and
- a selection section (14) for selecting one from among the identification codes displayed on said display section (13), wherein the identification code selected through said selection section (14) is transmitted from said interface section (12) of said external machine (11) to said interface section (2) of said image forming apparatus (1) and the print image corresponding to the identification code is taken out from said storage section (4) and is printed.

16. The image forming system as claimed in Claim 15, wherein said image forming apparatus (1) can write identification codes and their relevant information onto the card (C) inserted into said card insertion section (8) and wherein said display section (13) of said external machine (11) displays the identifica-

tion codes and their relevant information written on the card inserted into said card insertion section (8).

17. An image forming system comprising:
- at least one information processing unit (12) for preparing image data;
- at least one image forming apparatus (1) for receiving image data from said information processing unit (12) and converting the image data into a print image for printing; and
- a terminal adapter unit (13) being capable of executing speed or protocol conversion for conducting data communication with external machines (12) in a wireless or wire manner, said units being connected by a network (11),
- said image forming apparatus (1) comprising:
- an interface section (2) for receiving data of image data;
- an identification code assignment section (7) for assigning an identification code for each page unit or print job unit of print images;
- a printing section (5) for printing the print images and their corresponding identification codes on a recording medium; and
- a storage section (4) for storing the print images and their corresponding identification codes; and
- wherein, when identification code data is received at said terminal adapter unit (13) from the external machine (12), the identification code is transmitted to said one or more image forming apparatus (1) and the print image corresponding to the identification code is taken out from said storage section (4) of said image forming apparatus (1) storing the identification code and is printed at said image forming apparatus or any other image forming apparatus.

18. An image forming system comprising:
- at least one information processing unit (12) for preparing image data;
- at least one image forming apparatus (1) for receiving image data from said information processing unit (12) and converting the image data into a print image for printing; and



a terminal adapter unit (13) being capable of executing speed or protocol conversion for conducting data communication with external machines (12) in a wireless or wire manner, said units being connected by a network (11),

said image forming apparatus comprising:

an identification code assignment section (7) for assigning an identification code for each page unit or print job unit of print images;

a storage section (4) for storing the print images and their corresponding identification codes; and

a card insertion section (8) used as a slot of a readable/writable card, the identification code or the identification code and its relevant information being able to be written onto the card inserted into said card insertion section (8); and

wherein, when identification code data is received at said terminal adapter unit (13) from the external machine (12), the identification code is transmitted to said one or more image forming apparatus (1) and the print image corresponding to the identification code is taken out from said storage section (4) of said image forming apparatus (1) storing the identification code and is printed at said image forming apparatus or any other image forming apparatus.

19. An image forming apparatus for printing external image data, said apparatus comprising:

an identification code assignment section (7) for assigning an identification code for each page unit or print job unit of print images;

a printing section (5) for printing the print image and its corresponding identification code on a recording medium;

a storage section (4) for storing the print images and their corresponding identification codes; and

an identification code input section (8) through which the identification code printed on the recording medium can be entered from an outside,

wherein the print image corresponding to the identification code entered through said identification code input section (8) is taken out from said storage section (4) and the print image or the print image and the identification code are

printed on a recording medium in said printing section (5).

20. An image forming apparatus for printing external image data, said apparatus comprising:

a first identification code assignment section (7) for assigning an identification code for each page unit or print job unit of print images;

a printing section (5) for printing the print image on a recording medium;

a second identification code assignment section (9) for assigning an identification code to a recording medium when said printing section prints;

a storage section (4) for storing the print images and their corresponding identification codes; and

an identification code read section (8) for reading the identification code assigned to the recording medium, wherein the print image corresponding to the identification code read through said identification code read section (8) is taken out from said storage section (4) and is printed on a recording medium in said printing section or at the same time as the print image is printed on the recording medium in said printing section (5), the identification code being assigned by said second identification code assignment section (9).

21. An image forming apparatus for printing external image data, said apparatus comprising:

an identification code assignment section (7) for assigning an identification code consisting of characters, digits, etc., for each page unit or print job unit of print images;

a printing section (5) for printing the print image, and its corresponding identification code on a recording medium;

a storage section (4) for storing the print images and their corresponding identification codes; and

a voice input section (8) through which voice can be entered, wherein the print image corresponding to the identification code entered through said voice input section (8) is taken out from said storage section (4) and the print image or the print image and the identification

code are printed on a recording medium in said  
printing section (5).

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FIG. 1

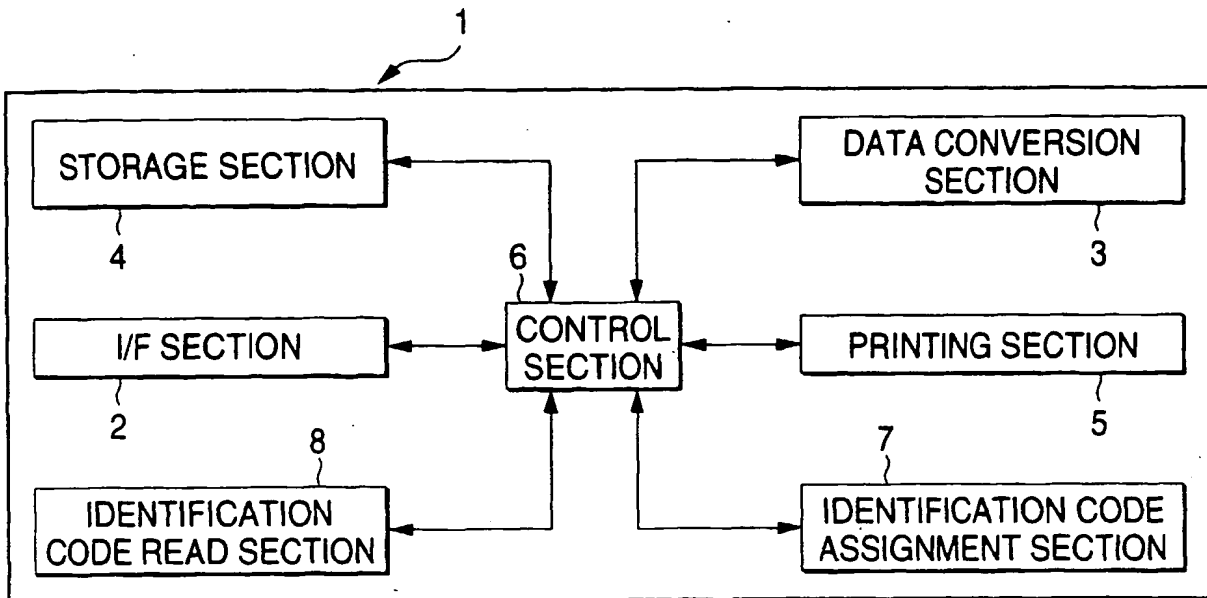


FIG. 2

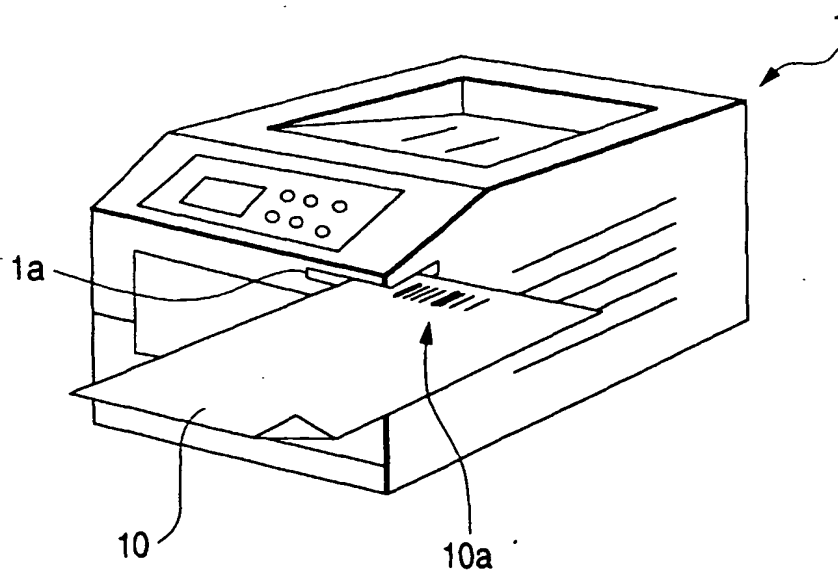


FIG. 3

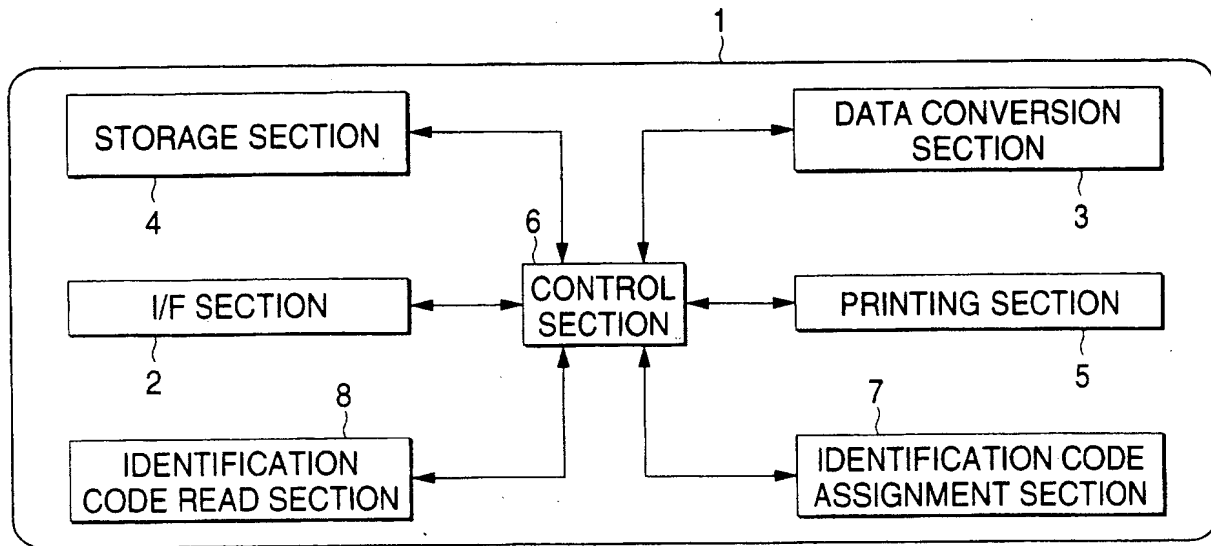


FIG. 4

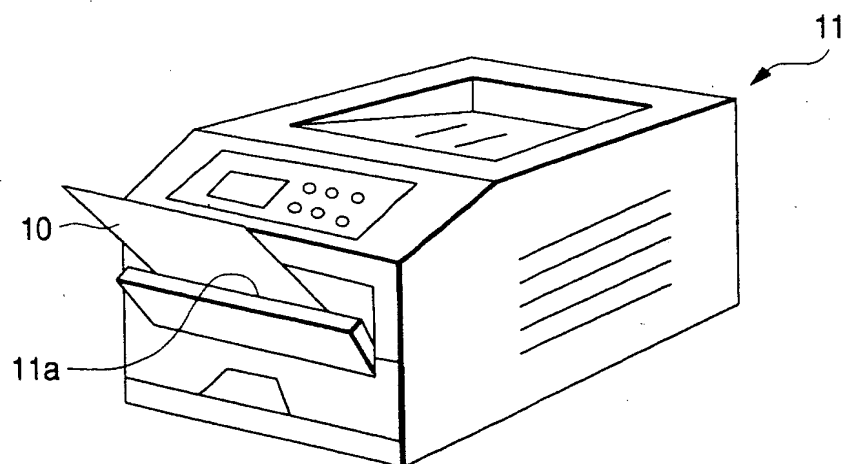


FIG. 5

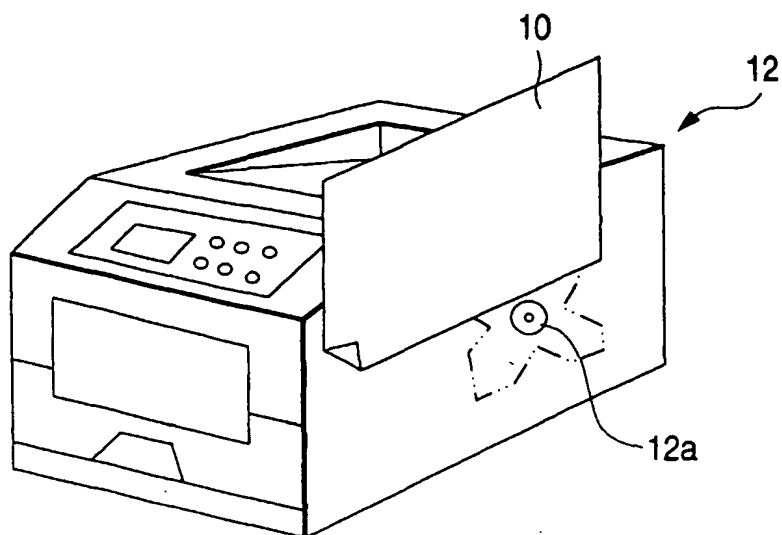


FIG. 6

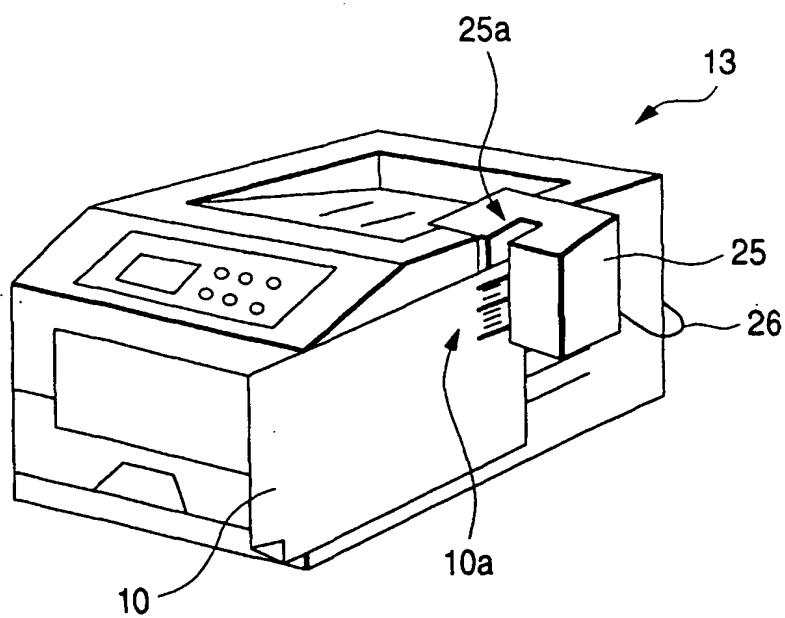


FIG. 7

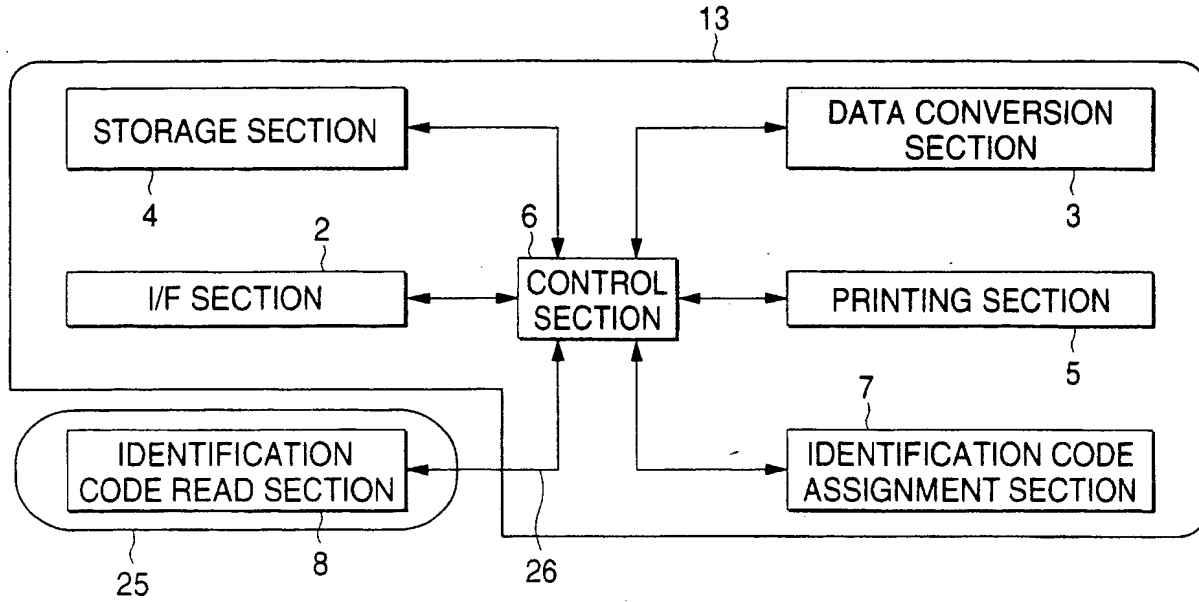


FIG. 8

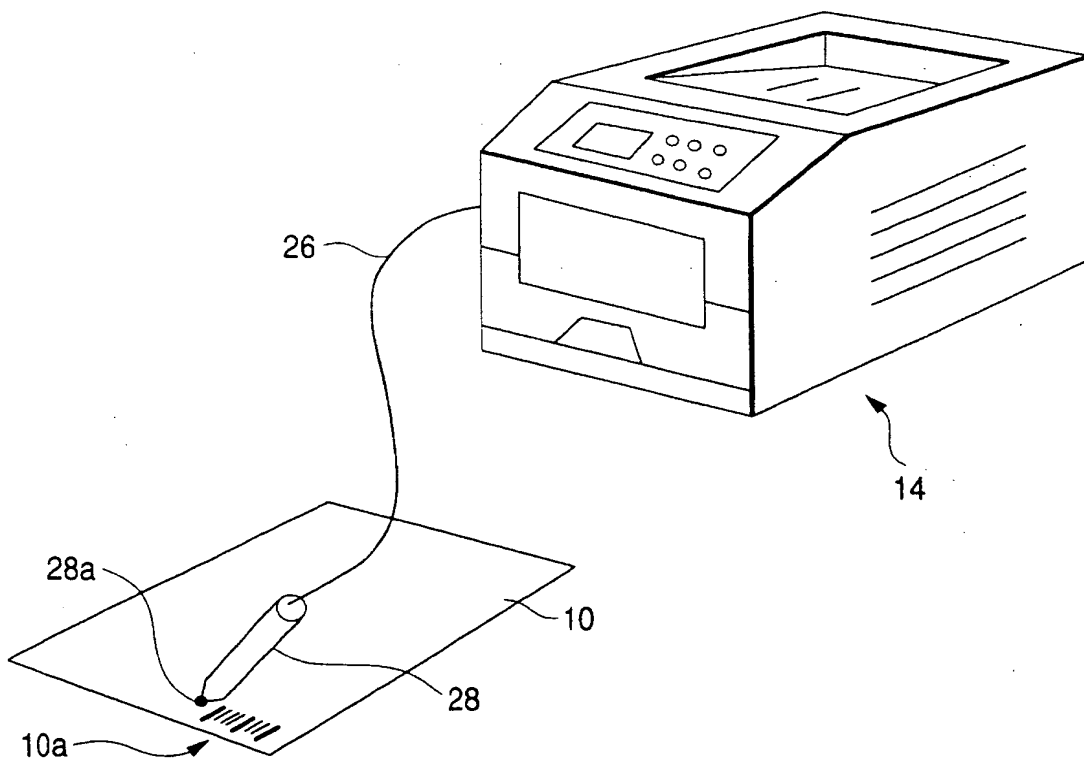


FIG. 9

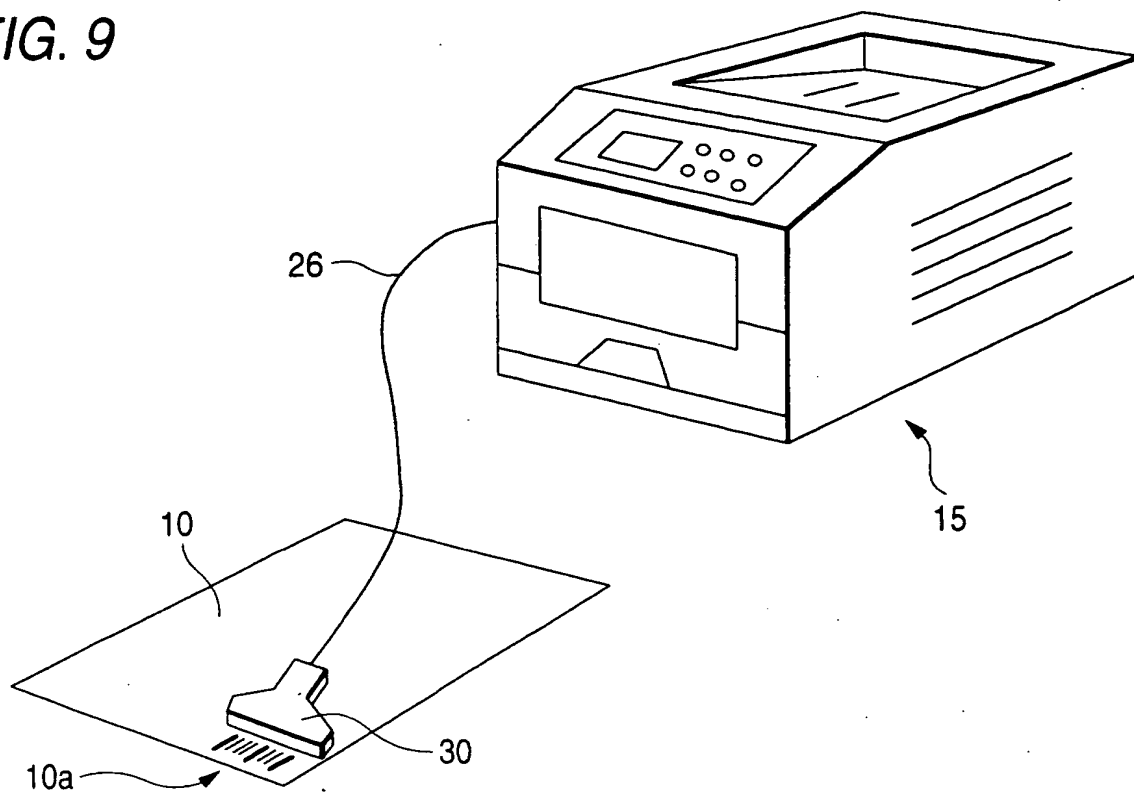


FIG. 10

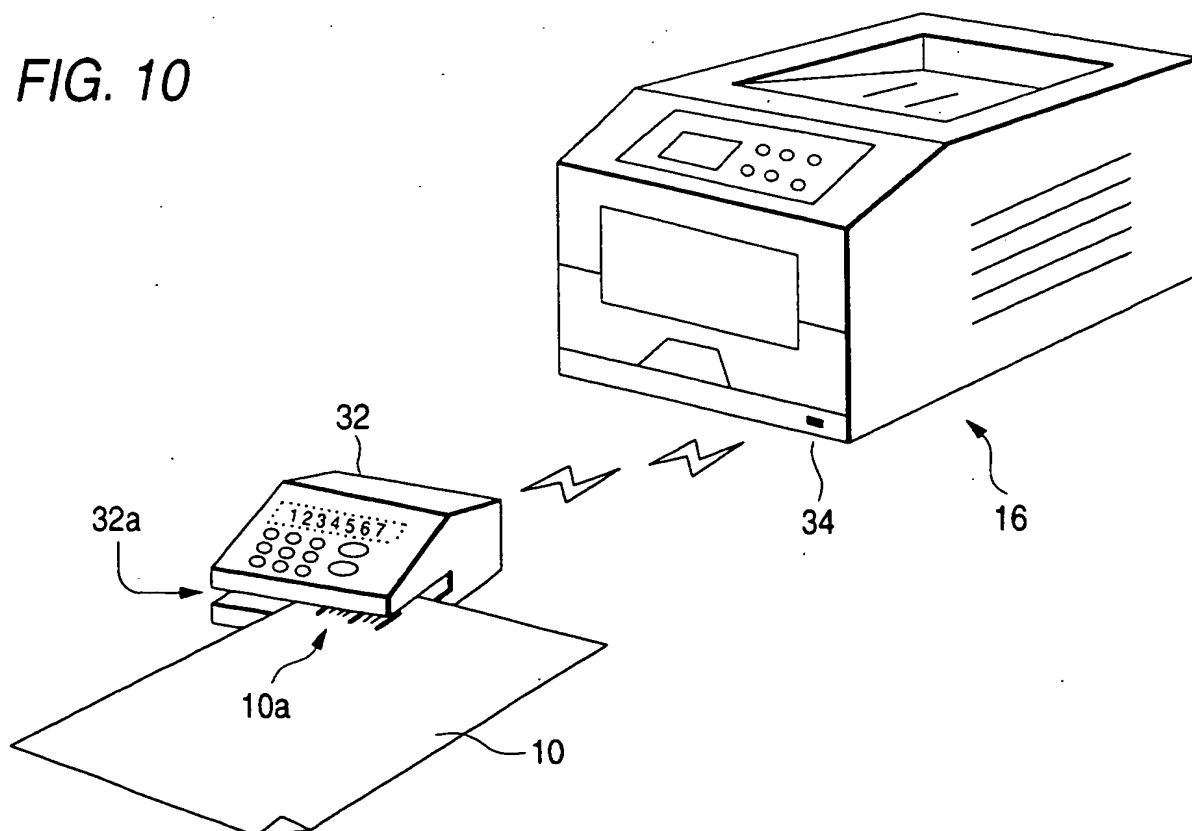


FIG. 11

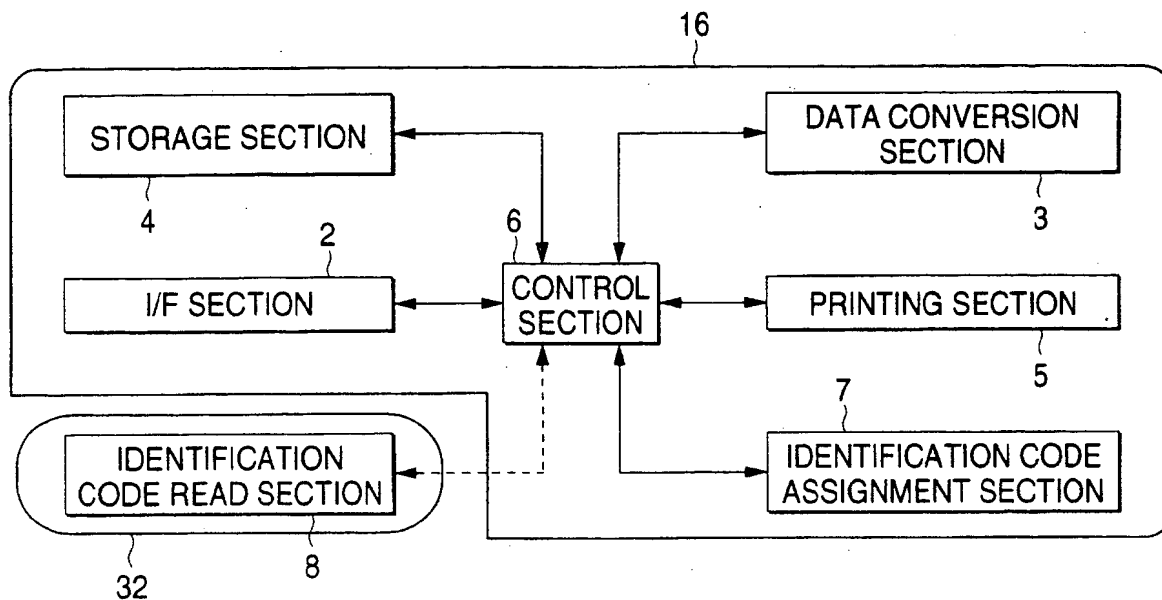


FIG. 12

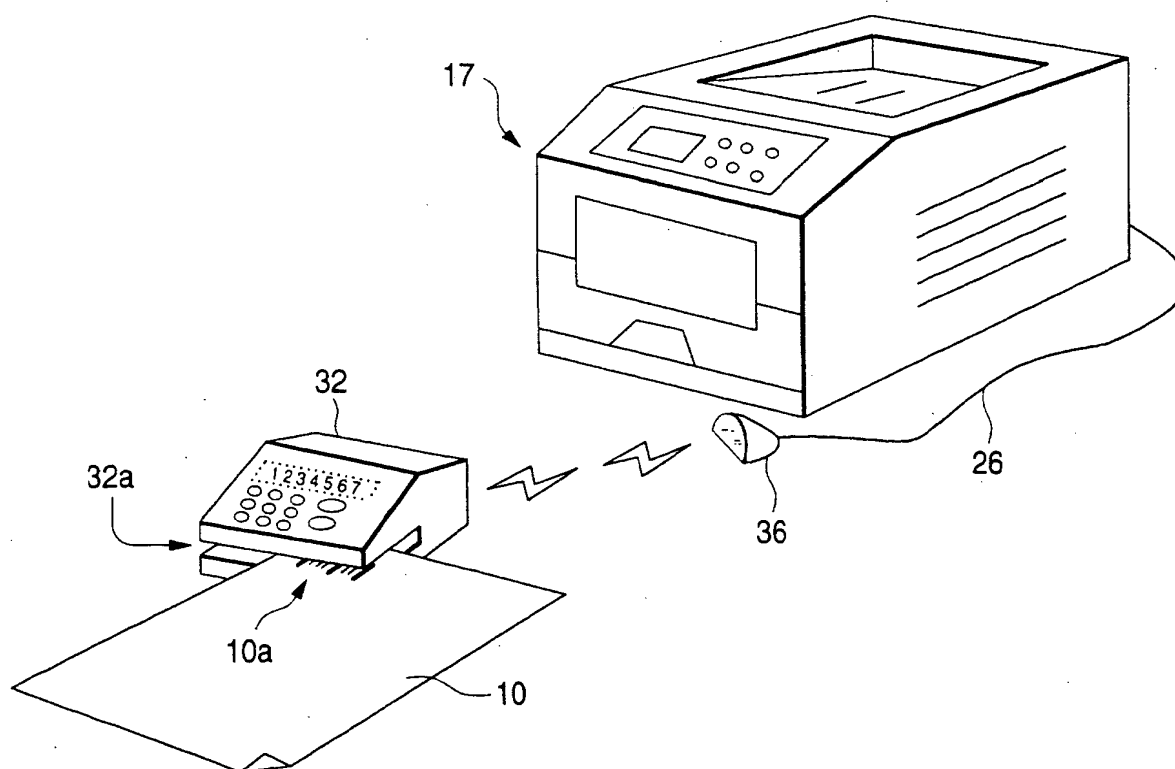




FIG. 13

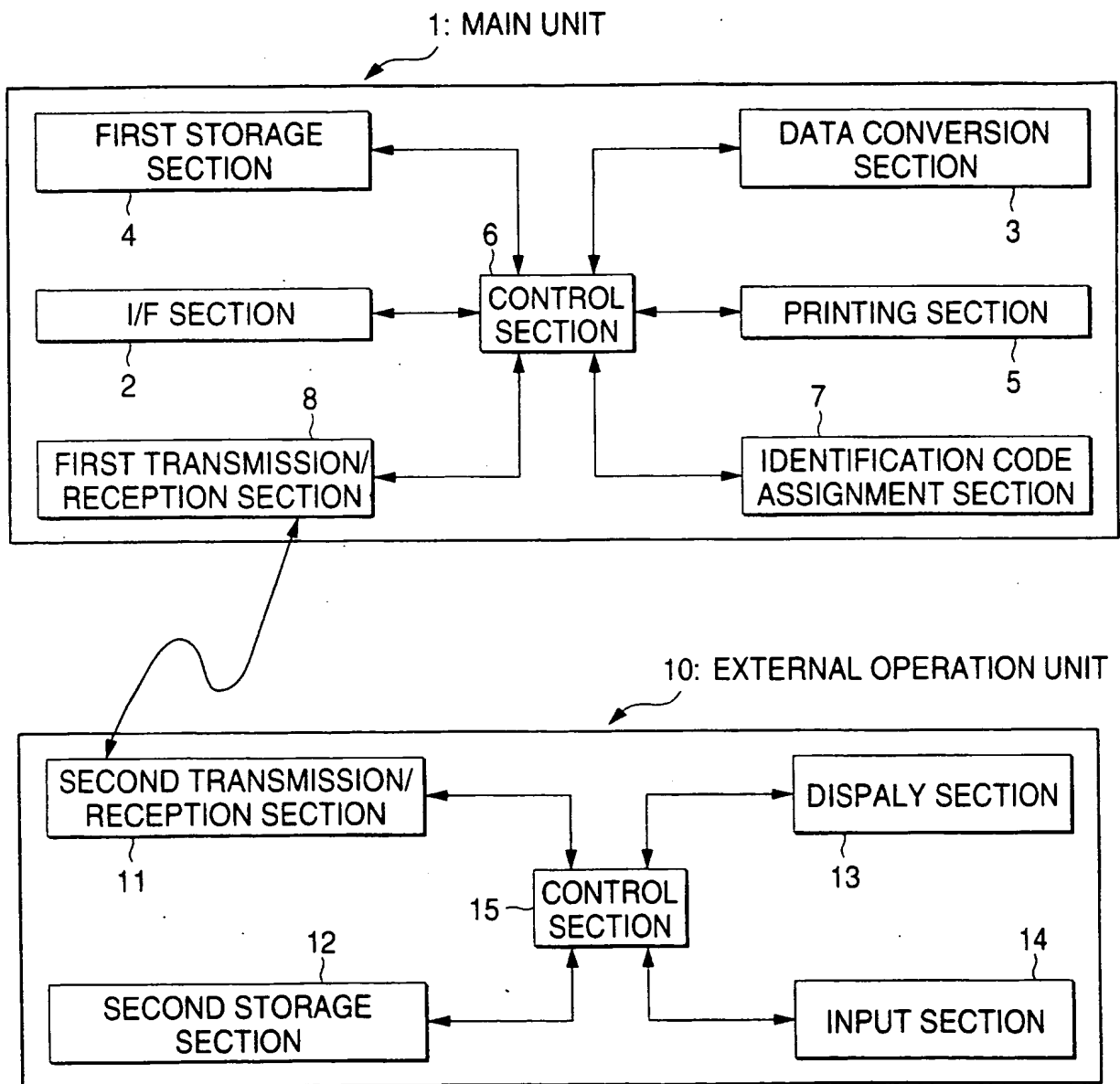


FIG. 14A

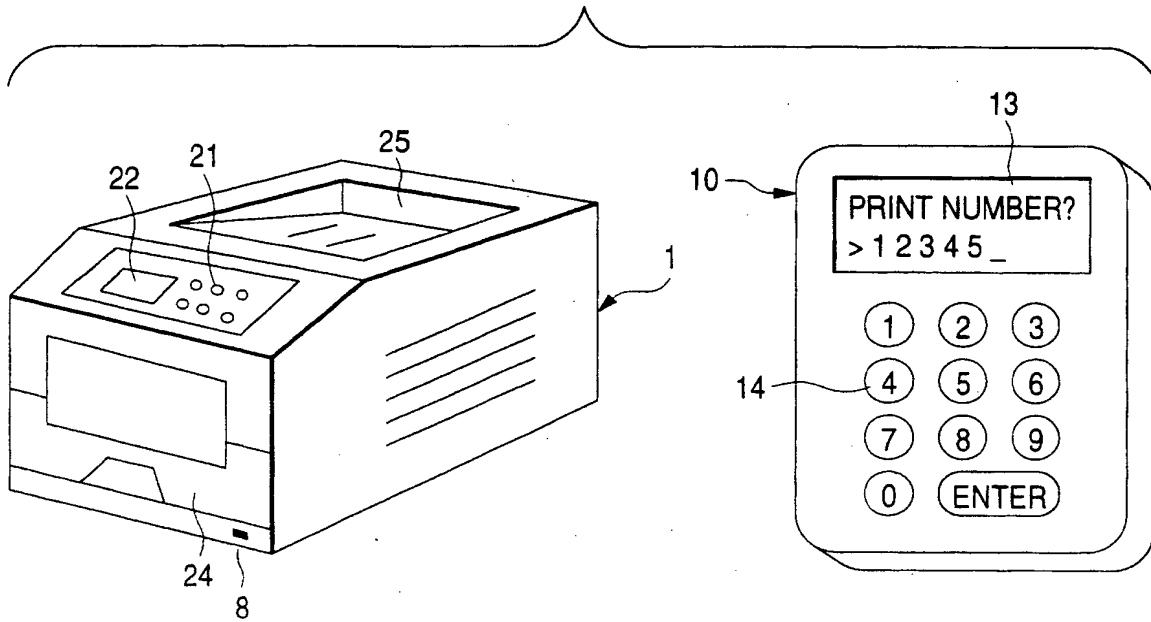


FIG. 14B

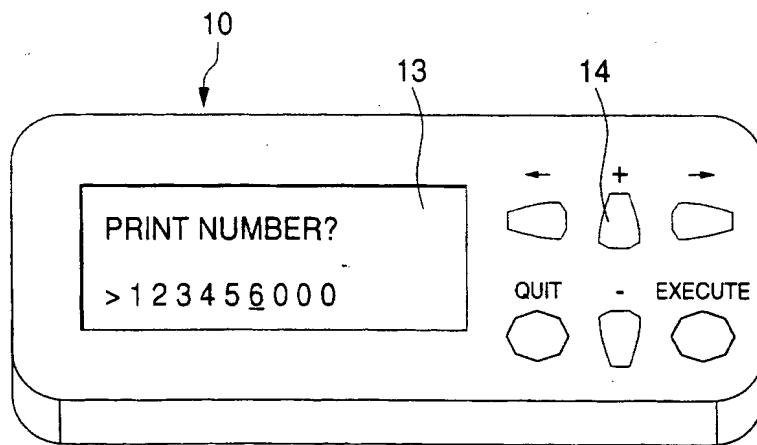


FIG. 15

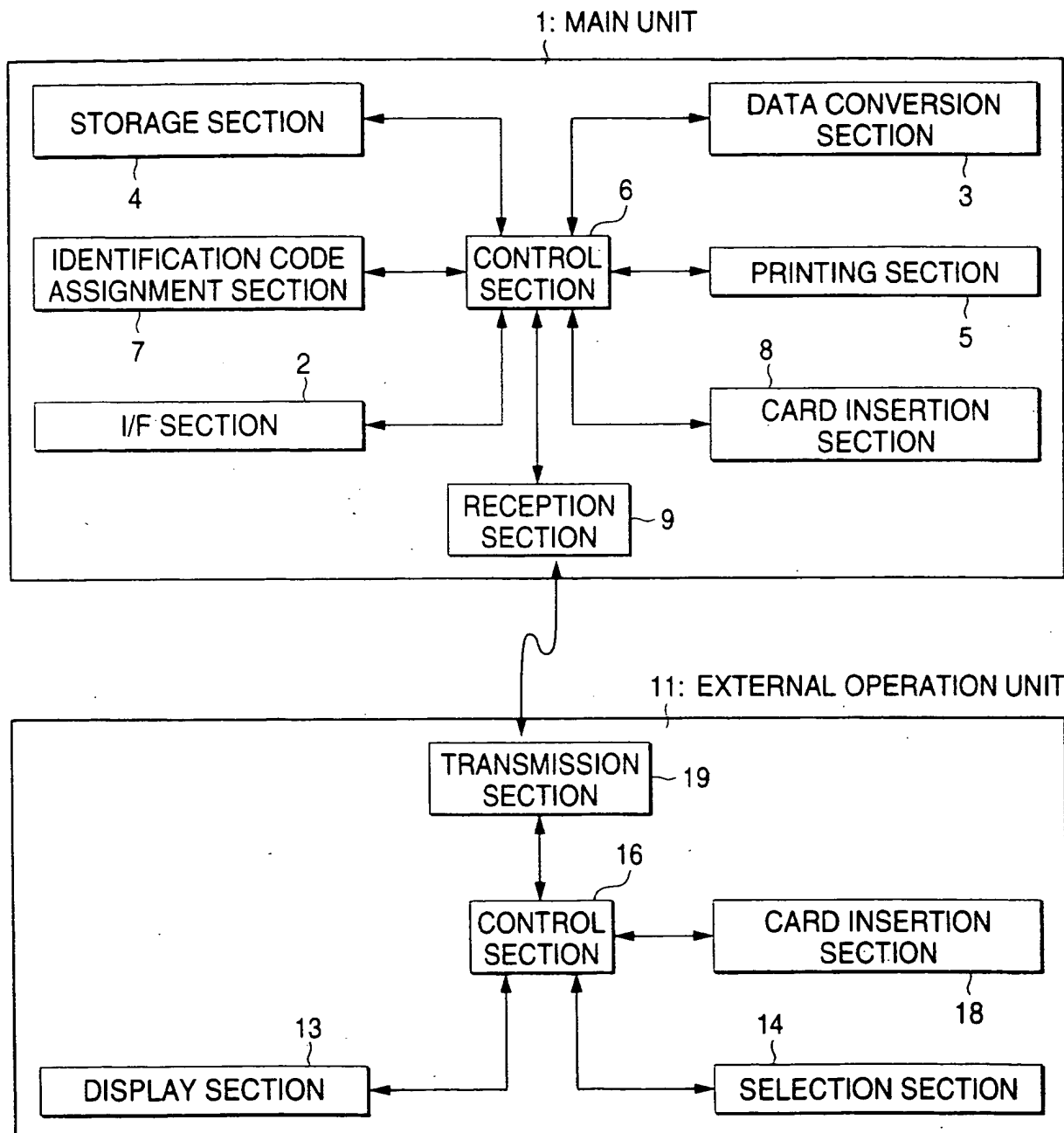


FIG. 16

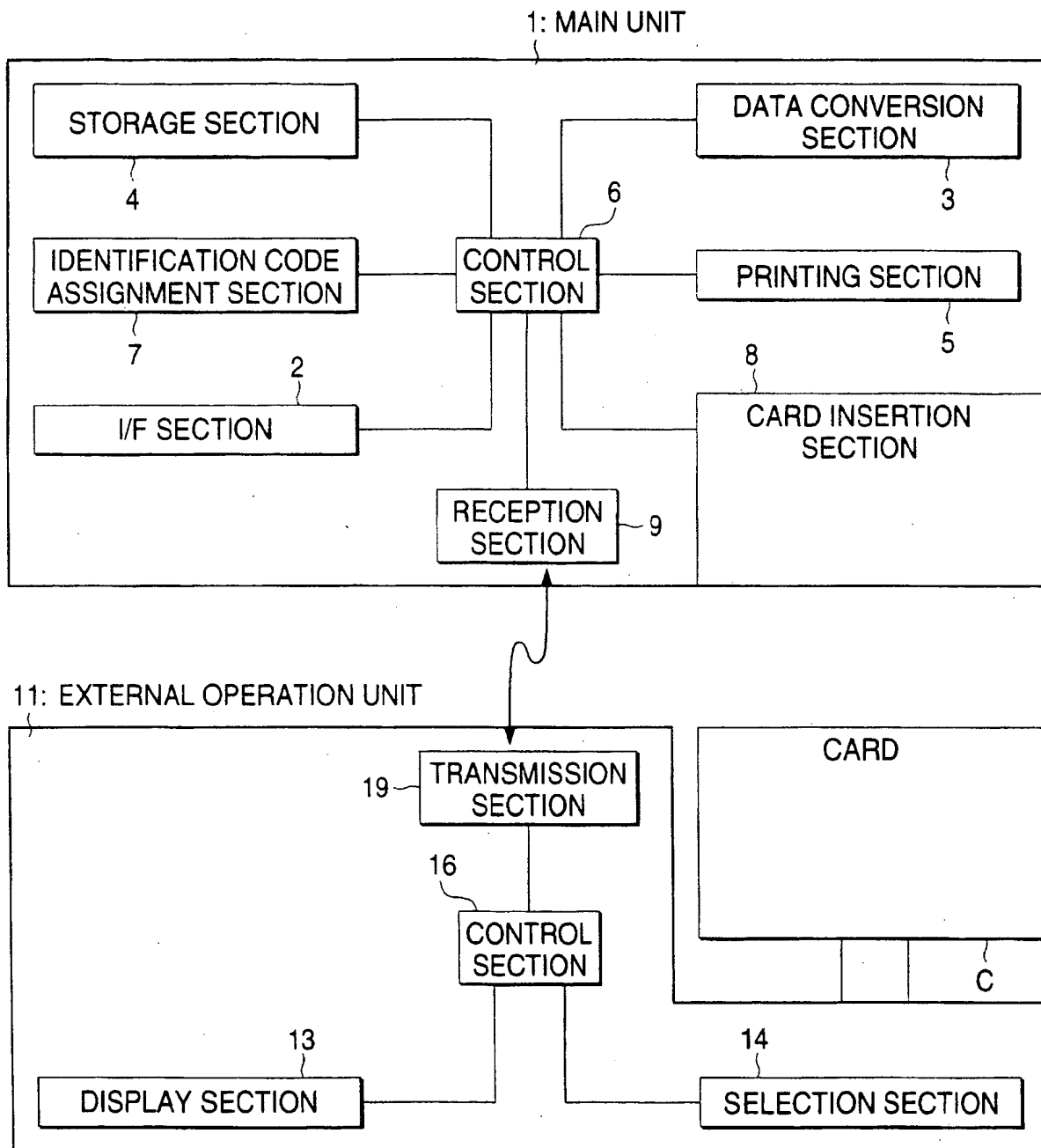


FIG. 17

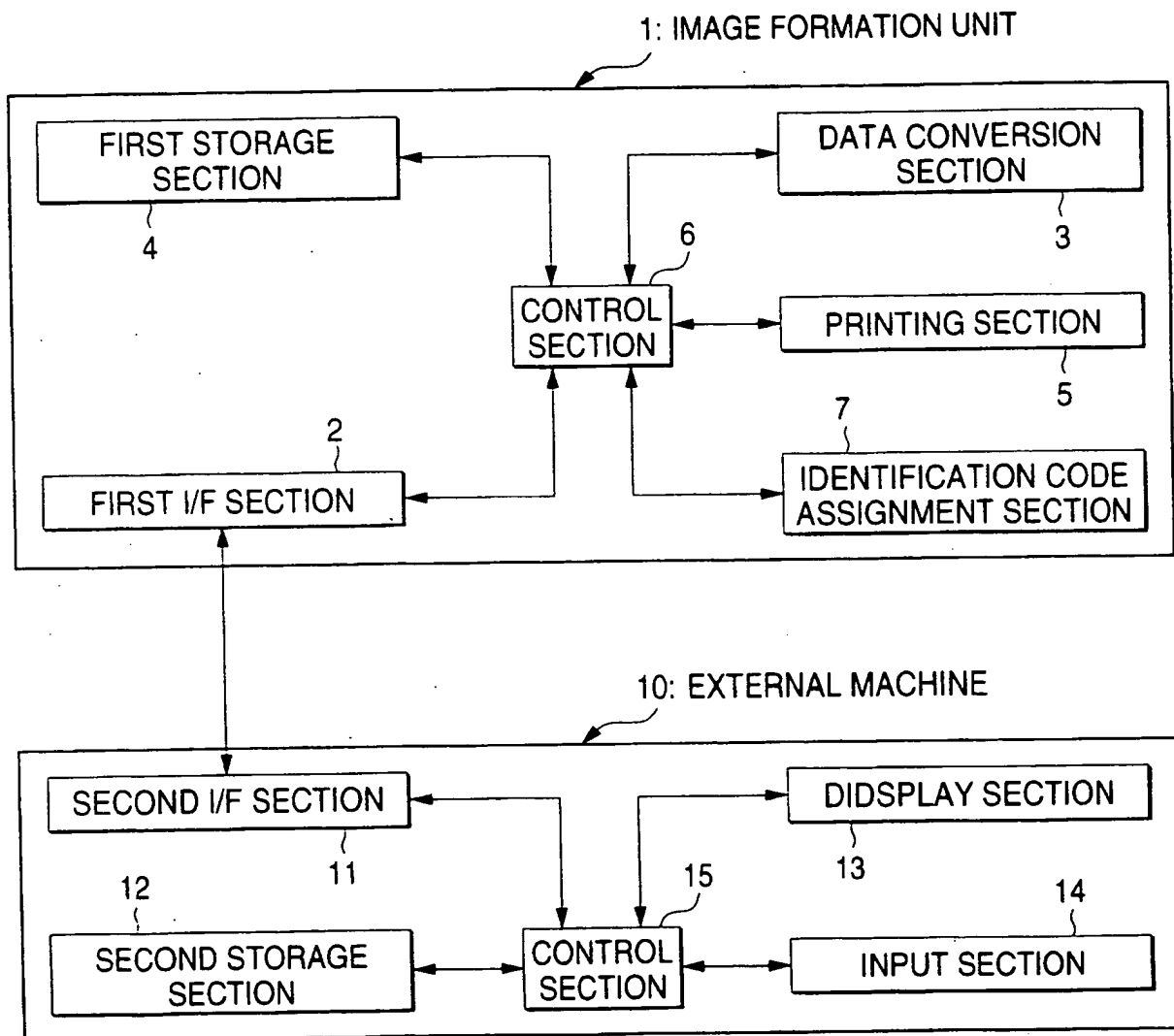


FIG. 18

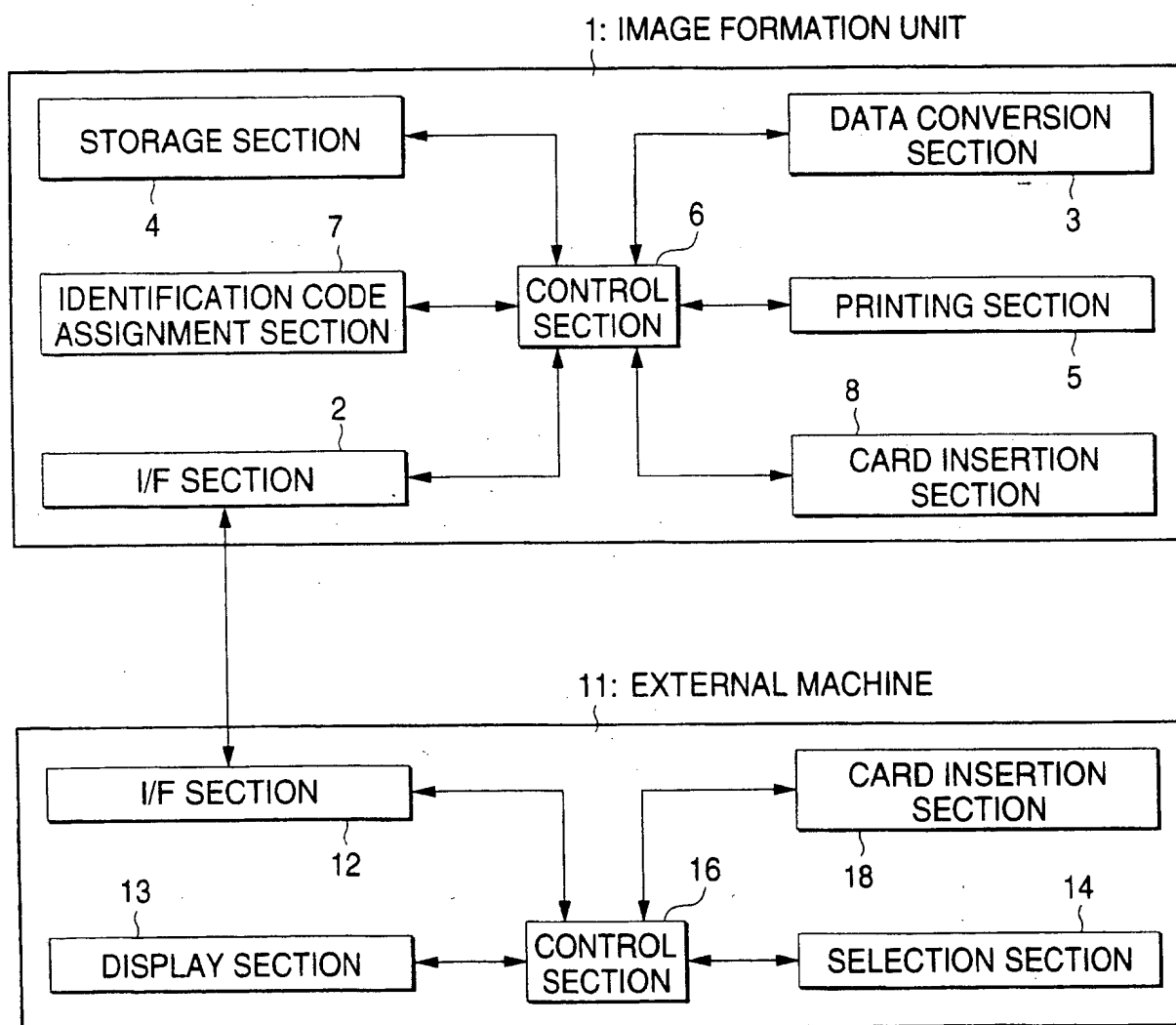


FIG. 19

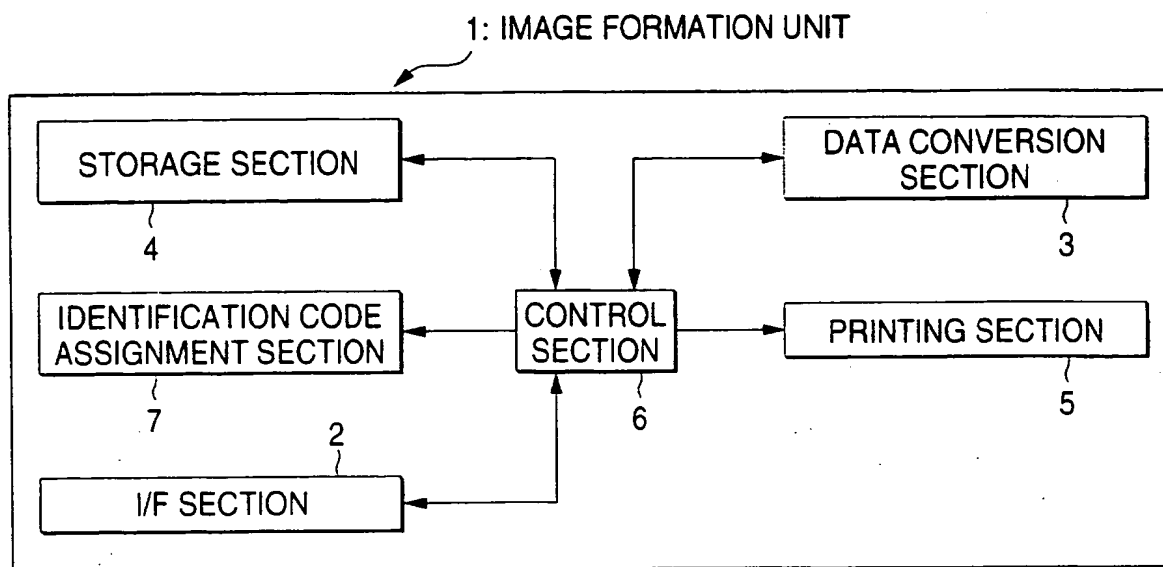


FIG. 20

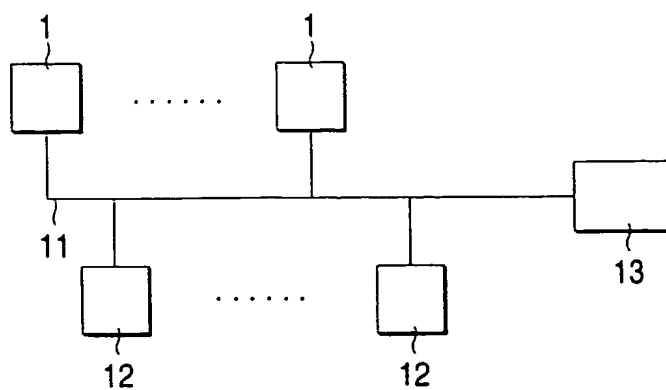


FIG. 21

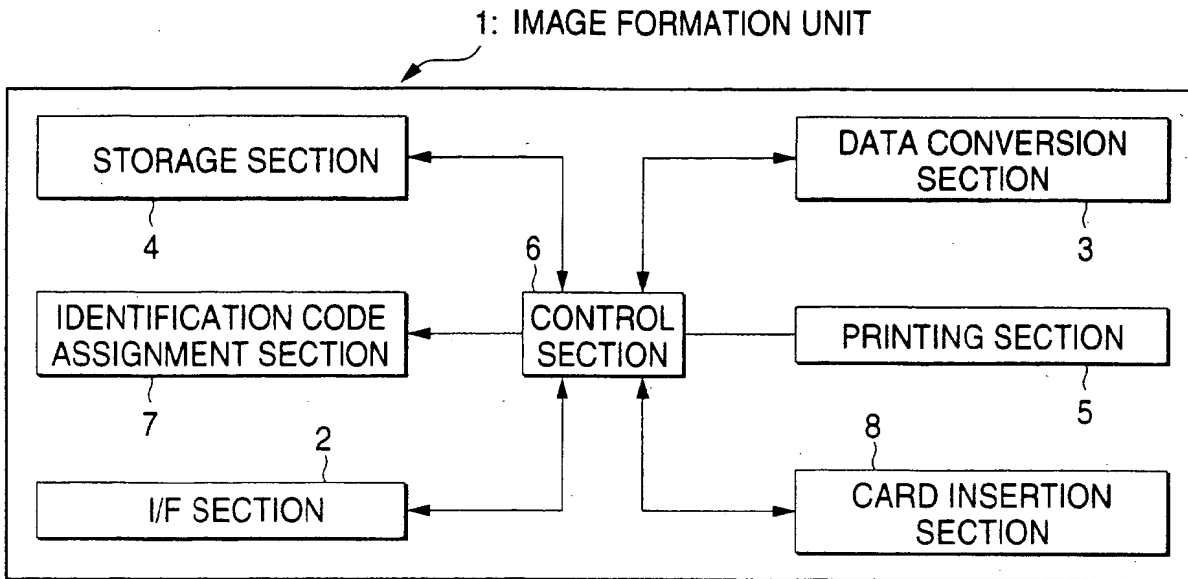


FIG. 22

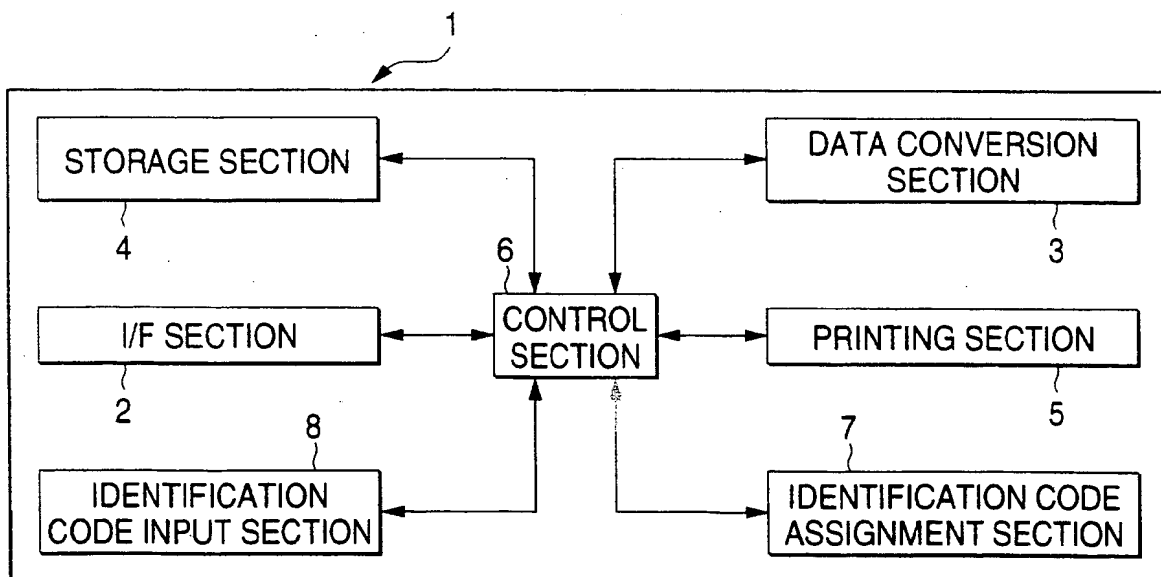




FIG. 23

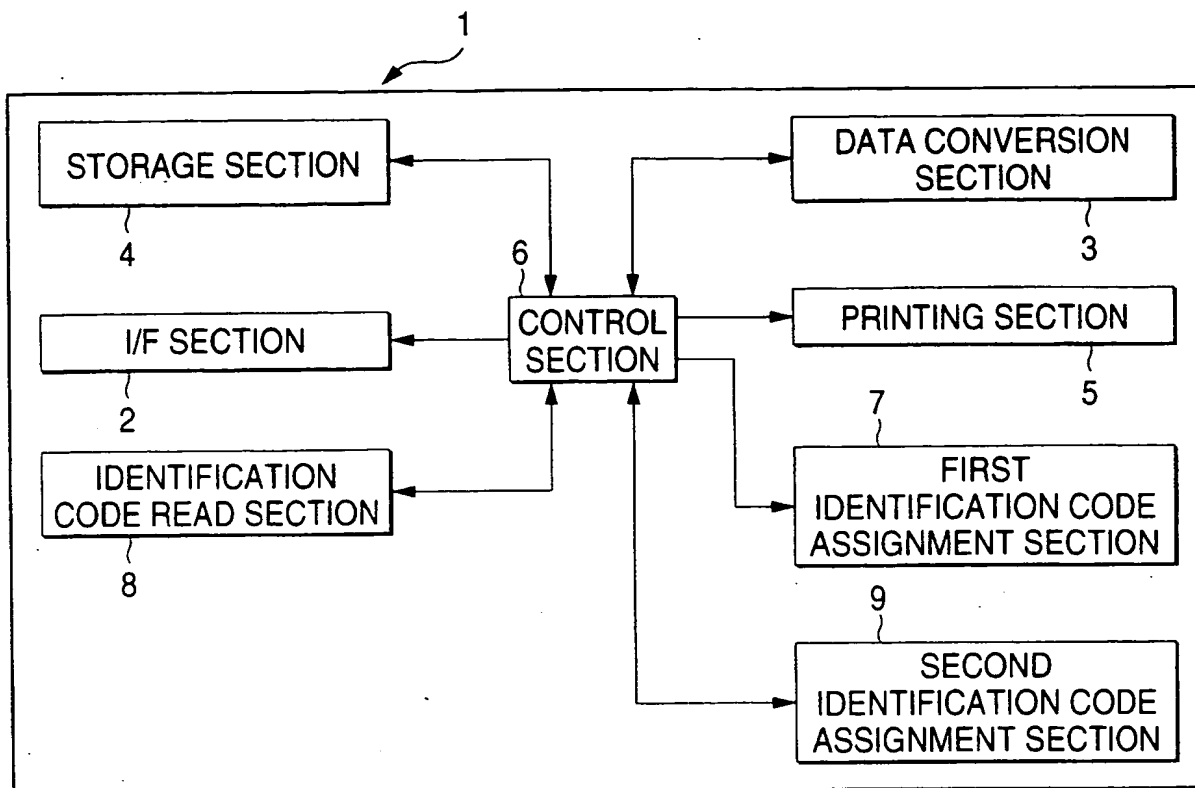


FIG. 24

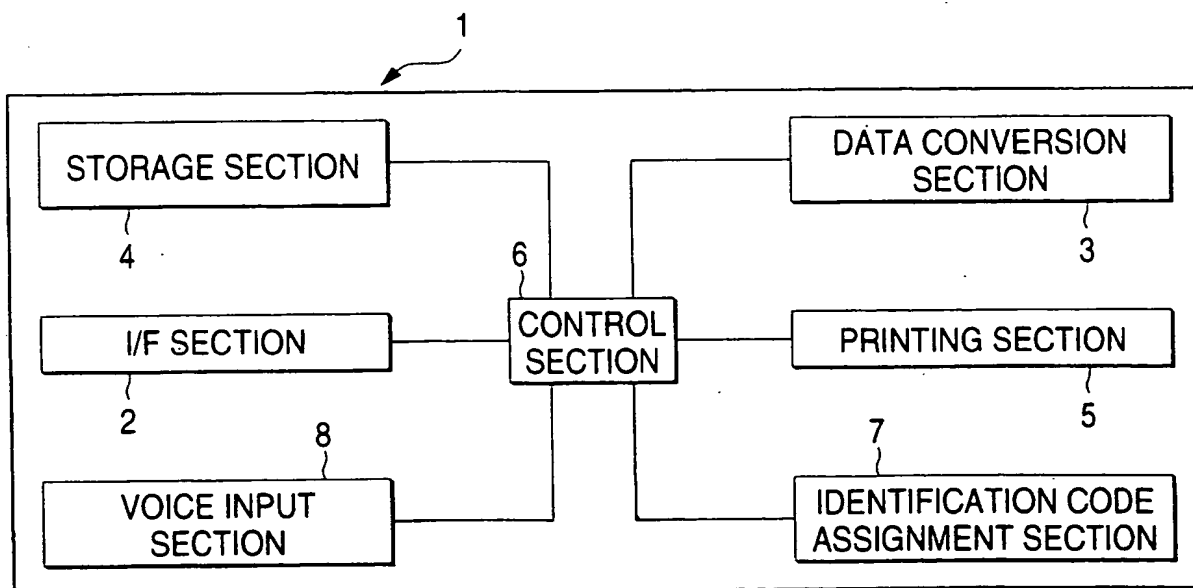


FIG. 25

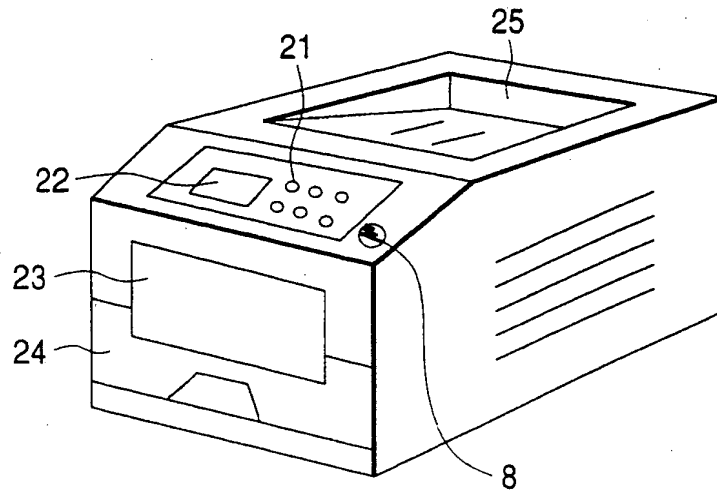


FIG. 26

